TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

The Compiler.

A DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

BY H. J. STAHLE. "Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail." $2 IN ADVANCE.

48th Year. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, MAR. 5, 1866. No. 23.

Professional Cards.

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. A. Armstrong,

HAVING removed from New Salem, York county, and having located at Middletown, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. [July 31, '65. 6m

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.
Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Doctor C. W. Benson.

OFFICE at the Railroad House, (front room, formerly occupied by Dr. Kinzer,)
LITTLESTOWN, PA.
June 19, 1865. tf

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.
Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.—Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Picking's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.
PETER THORN,
March 12, '60. Keeper of the Cemetery.

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of
BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.
JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

The Great Discovery

OF THE AGE.—Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIXTURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheumatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, introduced to the public. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists and storekeepers. Prepared only by H. L. MILLER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Essences and Tinctures, Window Glass, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.
☞ A. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for "H. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.
NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.
Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS and a SLEIGH for sale. JACOB TROXEL.
Dec. 7, 1863.

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.
P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.
Nov. 14, 1862.

Do You Wish

TO preserve a good likeness of yourself your children, or your friends? go at once to MUMPER'S GALLERY, the best place in the county to secure first class pictures.

A Few 7-30's

STILL on hand and for sale at THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Oct. 9, 1865. 6t

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in this place. Call and examine for yourselves.
Jan. 16, 1865.

SAGO, Arrow Root, Corn Starch, Rice-flour and Gelatin, for sale at Dr HORNER'S Drug Store.

TWEEDS, CLOTHING can be bought at cost at PICKING'S.

Great Attraction.

GOLD AND SILVER
HOLIDAY GIFTS!
$1,000,000 WORTH OF
WATCHES AND JEWELRY
to be disposed of at
ONE DOLLAR EACH!
Without regard to value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!
BY A. H. ROWEN & CO.,
(Agents for the Manufacturers,)
No. 36 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK.
☞ Read the following List of Articles to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH:—☜

100	Gold Hunting-case Watches, each,	$125 00
100	Gold Watches, var's styles, "	70 00
200	Ladies' Gold Watches, "	50 00
500	Silver Watches, each,	$25 00 to 40 00
1000	Elegant Silver Plated Castor Stands, each,	20 00 to 50 00
1000	Elegant Silver Plated Fruit & Cake Baskets,	15 00 to 25 00
1000	sets of Silver Plated Tea Spoons,	8 00 to 15 00
2500	sets of Silver Plated Forks,	8 00 to 15 00
2000	Goblets, engraved,	4 00 to 8 00
3000	pairs of Table Spoons,	5 00 to 8 00
3000	pairs of Salt Spoons,	3 00 to 5 00
4500	magnificent Napkin Rings,	4 00 to 9 50
8000	pairs of Pendant Ear Drops, (assorted colors,)	5 00 to 8 00
3300	sets of Ladies' Jewelry, imitation Ivory,	5 00 to 10 00
2500	Gold Lockets, eng'd backs, watch face perfect imitation Ladies' Watch,	10 00
3000	Ladies' Back Combs, rich and unique patterns,	5 00 to 25 00
4400	Belt Buckles, Gold, Jet and Vulcanite,	5 00 to 15 00
6000	l't style Vest & Neck Chains,	5 00 to 20 00
5500	Gents' Cal'a Diamond Pins,	5 00 to 20 00
4000	Calif'a Diamond Ear Drops,	5 00 to 10 00
3000	Miniature and Enameled Revolving Pins,	5 00 to 10 00
2000	California Diamond and En. Gents' Scarf Pins,	2 00 to 10 00
2000	Masonic and Emblem Pins,	2 00 to 10 00
2500	Gold Band Bracelets, engraved and plain,	3 00 to 20 00
3000	Jet and Mosaic Brooches,	3 00 to 10 00
2000	Cameo Broaches, rich patterns, very tasty,	5 00 to 20 00
3000	Coral Ear Drops,	4 00 to 6 00
2000	Ladies' Chatelaine Chains and Guard Chains,	8 00 to 15 00
6000	Gents' Pins, a splendid assortment,	2 00 to 10 00
4000	Solitaire Sleeve Buttons, entirely new style,	3 00 to 10 00
3000	Studs and Sleeve Buttons, in sets, very rich,	3 00 to 10 00
5000	Sleeve Buttons, plain, enameled and engraved,	2 00 to 8 00
10000	plain and handsomely engraved Rings,	2 50 to 10 00
8000	Lockets, double case, richly engraved,	2 00 to 10 00
15000	sets of Ladies' Jewelry, new and latest styles,	6 00 to 12 00
5000	handsome Seal Rings,	3 00 to 8 00
2000	sets of Bosom Studs,	2 50 to 6 00
1000	Gold Pens and Gold Extension Holders,	15 00 to 25 00
2000	sets Jet and Gold Pins and Ear Drops,	6 00 to 10 00
2000	Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	4 00 to 6 00
10000	Gold Pens and handsome Silver Cases,	5 00 to 8 00
10000	Gold Pens and handsome Ebony Holders,	4 00 to 6 00

The method of disposing of these goods at ONE DOLLAR each is as follows:

Certificates, naming each article and its value, are placed in sealed envelopes and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 25 cents.

On the receipt of the Certificate you will see what you are going to have, then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for ONE DOLLAR, and in no case can they get less than One Dollar's worth, as there are no blanks. The price of Certificates is as follows:—One for 25 cents; five for $1 eleven for $2; thirty for $5; sixty-five for $10; one hundred for $15.

The distribution is conducted fairly, and all have an equal chance of obtaining the valuable prizes by purchasing the Certificates. We guarantee entire satisfaction in all cases.

Agents wanted to whom we offer special terms and premiums. Send 25 cents for one Certificate and our circular with terms.
Address, A. H. ROWEN & CO.,
P. O. Box 4270, New York.
Jan. 8, 1866. nov.27. 3m

New Goods! Cheap Goods!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM IN HANOVER!—We hereby inform the citizens of York and Adams counties, that we have established, at the southeast corner of Centre Square and Baltimore street, HANOVER, formerly occupied by G. E. & T. T. Wirt, a Branch Store, the principal business houses being located in New York and York, Pa.,) where we will keep at all times a regular assortment of Dry, Domestic and Fancy GOODS, also, a well selected assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, COTTINETS and CORDUROYS; China, Glass and Queens-ware, Ladies', Misses' and Children's SHOES; also, a nice and full assortment of all kinds of CARPET, Floor and Table Oil-cloth.

We have also established in rooms adjoining the Central Hotel, a CLOTHING STORE, where we will keep constantly on hand a well selected assortment of Ready-made Clothing, of the latest styles, and a full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., which we will sell at reduced prices.

As our motto is, and always will be, "quick sales and small profits," we hope to receive a share of the patronage of town and country. Our connection with the large wholesale houses in New York City and York, Pa., where are always stored an extensive stock of goods, which we sell at wholesale and retail, enables us to supply our old friends and such of our new customers as will give us a call, with the very best marketable goods, at lower rates than can be purchased anywhere in the State. Call and see for yourselves.
JOS. LEBACH & BRO.
Hanover, June 26, 1865. 1y

Ladies' Oyster Saloon.

THE undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to his friends that, in connection with his CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON, he has opened an
OYSTER SALOON,
with a SEPARATE DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES. Ladies and Gentlemen visiting this Saloon will find the accommodations all they could desire. Oysters will be served up in any style and in a superior manner. Call and see. JOHN GRUEL.
Nov. 6, 1865. tf

Election Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Gettysburg Gas Company, for the purpose of electing a President and Six Managers, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held on MONDAY, the 5th day of MARCH, at 7 o'clock, P. M., in the Arbitration Room in the Court House. M. JACOBS, Pres't.
D. McCONAUGHY, Sec'y.
Feb. 26, 1866. td

PUBLIC SALE

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of MARCH next, the subscribers, Administrators of the estate of Samuel Gilliland, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said decedent, in Tyrone township, Adams county, about one mile east of Heidlersburg, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

3 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 2 Milch Cows, 5 head of Young Cattle, 7 Sheep, 4 Shotes, 1 Brood Sow and Pigs, Four-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, Carriage, set of Hay Carriages, set of Wood Ladders, Feed Trough, Hay Rake, Log Hoister, Ploughs and Harrows, Winnowing Mill, 2 Seeds, 2 Sleighs and Bells, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Cultivator, Three-horse, Double and Single-trees, Two-horse Spreader, Cutting Box, Log Chain, Fifth and Breast Chains, Horse Gears, such as Breechbands, Front Gears, Plough Gears, Collars, Bridles, Wagon Saddle, Side Saddle, Wagon Whip, Housings, 2 sets of Harness, 3 sets of Lines, Halters and Cow Chains, Forks, Rakes, Grain Cradle, Scythes and Snathes, Mattock, Shovels, Grain Bags, Wheelbarrow, Cross-cut Saw, Wood Saw, Maul and Wedges, Grindstone, 3 Hoes, Hand Saw, Ropes, Chains, Boxes. Work Bench, Shaving Horse, Corn Coverer, Clover Cradle, 2 Axes, a lot of old Iron, &c. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: Tables, Chairs, Cupboard, Sink, Case of Drawers, Chest, Desk, 2 Clocks, Cooking Stove, 2 Bedsteads, Dough-tray, Wool Wheel, 2 Spinning Wheels, Reel, Steelyards, Barrels, Tubs, Vinegar Barrels, Iron Pots, Smoothing Irons, Meat Vessels, Crockery-ware, Meat by the pound, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
SARAH GILLILAND, Adm'x.,
FREDERICK QUICKEL, Adm'r.
Feb. 5, 1866. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 9th day of MARCH next, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountjoy township, Adams county, 3 miles south of Gettysburg, near the Baltimore turnpike, the following personal property, viz:

3 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, (one of which is a good saddle horse,) 3 Milch Cows, all fresh, 1 Heifer, 2 head of Young Cattle, Brood Sow and Pigs, Shotes, Hanover Reaper, (self-raker,) good Three-horse Wagon, Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, 4 sets Horse Gears, Wagon Saddle, Bridles, Collars, Housings, Lines, Halters, Sleigh and Bells, Winnowing Mill, Plows, Harrow, Corn Fork, Feed Trough, Fifth Chain, Log Chain, Breast and Butt Chains, Cow Chains, Halter Chains, Three-horse-tree, Double and Single-trees, Wheelbarrow, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Rakes, Mowing Scythes, Mattocks, 100 feet 1¼ inch Rope, lot of old Iron, Chains, Barrels, Tubs, Axes, Maul and Wedges, lot of Bacon, lot of Books and Papers, Corn, Oats and Potatoes, by the bushel, and various other articles.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
AARON SHEELY.
Feb. 12, 1866. ts

PUBLIC SALE

OF FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS.—On WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams county, about 2½ miles west of Gettysburg, the following valuable Farm Stock and Implements, viz:

2 WORK HORSES, (both young,) 12 Pigs, seven weeks old, (hard to beat,) Spring Wagon, set Carriage Harness, Plough Harness, Side Saddle, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, Reaper and Mower, Grain Drill, all in good order, Winnowing Mill, Harrow, good as new, Shovels, Forks, Hoes, some Carpenter Tools, Cider Press and Apple Mill, large Cider Trough, good as new; Corn by the bushel, Hay by the ton; Cooking Stove, Ten-plate Stove, 2 Corner Cupboards, Tables, Chairs, Rocking Chair, Clock, Iron Pots and Pans, Churn, Chests, Doughtray, Sausage Cutter, Hogsheads, Barrels, Bacon and Lard by the pound, first-rate Cut Rifle, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
ABRAHAM PLANK.
Jacob Mickley, Auctioneer.
Feb. 26, 1866. ts

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On MONDAY, the 12th day of MARCH, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from the State road to Hunterstown, 1 mile from the latter place, the following Personal Property, viz:

4 HEAD OF GOOD HORSES, including 1 young family Mare, rising 8 years old, and one rising 3 years, and 2 yearling Colts, 2 good Milch Cows, one fresh about the time of sale, 3 head of young Heifers, 2 head of Sheep, 2 Shotes, Two-horse Wagon, Hay Carriages, Lime Bed, Manure Boards, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Double and Single-trees, Three-horse-trees, new Buggy Spread and Straps, Stretchers, Mattock, Shovels, Forks, of all kinds, Rakes, Horse Rake, a good Grain Fan, Horse Gears, 2 sets of Breechbands, Plough Gears, Traces, Chains, Halters and Cow Chains, set of Double Harness, Carriage Bridles and Martingal, Wagon Saddle, Wagon Whip, Blind Bridles and Collars, a new Sled, Boxes, Barrels, Casks, Hogsheads, lot of new Corn Brooms, lot of Lard, old Iron, and a great many other articles not herein mentioned.

☞ Attendance will be given and terms made known by
AMOS CASHMAN.
Feb. 26, 1866. 2t

$50 Reward!

WAS stolen from the premises of the subscriber, in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., on Tuesday night last, (Feb. 13,)
A DARK BAY MARE,
about 13 years old, a narrow strip of white on the face running down to the nose, right hind foot white to the pastern joint, very heavy set, and of good life. The above reward will be paid to any person returning said Mare to the subscriber, or for such information as may lead to her recovery.
ABRAHAM HOFFMAN.
Feb. 19, 1866. 3t*

$5 Reward!

LEFT the subscriber, about the 25th of January, a bound boy from the Alms House, named Charles Dean, aged about 17 years. The above reward will be paid for his return. Persons are hereby notified not to trust him on my account. JOHN MYERS,
Square Corner P. O., Adams co., Pa.
Feb. 19, 1866. 3t*

Mare for Sale.

I HAVE a fine young FAMILY MARE—rising 5 years old, will work anywhere, and rides well—for sale. JACOB B. MILLER,
Feb. 26, 1866. 2w* Straban twp.

JACK FROST has come and all who wish a good Over Coat would do well to call at once at [Jan. 15, '66.] PICKING'S.

Choice Miscellany.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

His Great Speech at the White House.

Denunciation of Northern Disunionists.

He Names Some of the Traitors.

Stevens and Sumner Among Them.

The Irresponsible Central Directory.

A Scheme to Subvert the Republic.

The Radicals Inaugurating Revolution.

The Constitution to be Destroyed.

It Must be Preserved.

The Way to Peace and Union.

A Proper and Moving Appeal to the People.

The following is a full and accurate report of President Johnson's great speech to the people at Washington on the 22d of February:

FELLOW-CITIZENS—for I presume I have a right to address you as such—I come to tender to you my sincere thanks for the approbation expressed by your Committee in their personal address and in the resolutions submitted by them as having been adopted by the meeting which has been held in this city to-day. These resolutions, as I understand them, are complimentary to the policy which has been adopted by the Administration, and steadily pursued since it came into power. I am free to say to you on this occasion, that it is extremely gratifying to me to know that so large a portion of my fellow-citizens approve and indorse the policy which has been adopted, and which it is my intention shall be carried out. (Great applause.) That policy is one which is intended to restore all the States to their original relations to the Federal Government of the United States. (Renewed applause.)

APPROPRIATENESS OF THE DAY.

This seems to be a day peculiarly appropriate for such a manifestation. It is the day that gave birth to that man who more, perhaps, than any other founded this Government. It is the day that gave birth to the Father of our country. It is the day that gave birth to him who presided over that body which framed the Constitution, under which all the States entered into this glorious Confederacy. Such a day is peculiarly appropriate for the indorsement of a policy, whose object is the restoration of the Union of the States as it was designed by the Father of his Country. (Applause.)

Washington, whose name this city bears, is embalmed in the hearts of all who love free government. Washington, in the language of his eulogist, was first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen. No people can claim him, no nation can appropriate him. His reputation is commensurate with the civilized world, and his name is the common property of all those who love free government.

THE MONUMENT OF FREEDOM.

To-day I had the pleasure of visiting an association who have been devoting their efforts to the completion of the monument which is being erected to his name. I was proud to meet them, and so far as I could, to give them my influence and countenance in aid of the work they have undertaken. That monument which is being erected to him who, I may say, founded the Government, is almost within the throw of a stone of the spot from which I now address you. Let it be completed. (Applause.) Let those various blocks which the States, and individuals, and associations, and corporations have put in that monument as pledges of their love for this Union be preserved, and let the work be accomplished.

TENNESSEE.

In this connection let me refer to the block from my own State, God bless her (applause)! which has struggled for the preservation of this Union in the field and in the councils of the nation, and which is now struggling to renew her relations with this Government, that were interrupted by a fearful Rebellion. She is now struggling to renew those relations, and to take her stand where she had ever stood since 1796 until this Rebellion broke out. (Great applause.) Let me repeat the sentiment that that State has inscribed upon the stone which she has deposited in that monument of freedom, which is being raised in commemoration of Washington. She is struggling to get back into the Union, and to stand by the sentiment which is there inscribed, and she is willing to sustain it.—What is it? It is the sentiment which was enunciated by her distinguished son, the immortal, the illustrious Jackson, "The Federal Union—it must be preserved."—(Great applause.) If it were possible for that old man, whose statue is now before me, and whose portrait is behind me in the Executive Mansion, and whose sentiment is thus preserved in that monument in your vicinity, to be called forth from the grave, or if it were possible to communicate with the spirit of the illustrious dead, and make him understand the progress of faction and of rebellion and treason, he would turn over in his coffin, and he would rise, and shaking off the habiliments of the tomb, would again stand erect, and extend forth his long arm and finger, and reiterate that sentiment, once expressed by him on a memorable occasion, "The Federal Union—it must be preserved." (Great applause.)

HISTORIC REMINISCENCES.

We have witnessed what has transpired since his day. In 1833, when treason and treachery and infidelity to the Government and Constitution of the United States stalked forth in the land, it was his power and influence that crushed the serpent in its incipiency. It was then stopped, but only for a time. The same spirit of disaffection continues. There were men disaffected to the Government, both in the North and in the South.

SLAVERY.

There was, in a portion of the Union, a peculiar institution, of which some complained, and to which others were attached. One portion of our countrymen in the South advocated that institution while another portion in the North opposed it.

EXTREME PARTIES.

The result was the formation of extreme parties, one especially in the South, which reached a point at which it was proposed to dissolve the Union of the States for the purpose, as was said, of securing and preserving that peculiar institution. There was another portion of our countrymen who were opposed to that institution, and who went to such an extreme that they were willing to break up the Government in order to get clear of that peculiar institution of the South.

I say these things because I desire to talk plainly and in familiar phraseology. I assume nothing here to-day beyond the position of a citizen; one who has been pleading for his country and the preservation of the Constitution. (Immense cheering.)—These two parties, I say, were arrayed against each other, and I stand here before you for the Union to-day, as I stood in the Senate of the United States in 1860 and '61.

IN THE SENATE.

I met there those who were making war upon the Constitution, those who wanted to disrupt the Government, and I denounced them in my place then and there, and exposed their true character. I said that those who were engaged in the work of breaking up the Government were traitors. I have never ceased, on all proper occasions, to repeat that sentiment, and as far as my efforts could go, I have endeavored to carry it out. (Great applause.) I have just remarked that there were two parties, one of which was for destroying the Government and separating the Union, in order to preserve slavery, and the other for breaking up the Government, in order to destroy slavery. True, the objects which they sought to accomplish were different, so far as slavery was concerned, but they agreed in the desire to break up the Government, the precise thing to which I have always been opposed, and whether disunionists come from the South or from the North, I stand now, as I did then, vindicating the Union of these States and the Constitution of my country. (Tremendous applause.)

SECESSION.

Rebellion and treason manifested themselves in the South. I stood by the Government. I said then that I was for the Union with slavery, I was for the Union without slavery. In either alternative I was for my Government and its Constitution. The Government has stretched forth its strong arm, and with its physical power it has put down treason in the field. The section of the country which then arrayed itself against the Government has been put down by the strong arm. What did we say when this treason originated? We said, "No compromise; you, yourselves, in the South can settle this question in eight and forty hours." I said again and again, and I repeat it now, "Disband your armies in the South, acknowledge the supremacy of the Constitution of the United States, acknowledge the duty of obedience to the laws, and the whole question is settled." (Applause.) What has been done since?

THE REBELLION CRUSHED.

Their armies have been disbanded, and they come forward now in a proper spirit and say, "We are mistaken. We made an effort to carry out the doctrine of Secession and to dissolve this Union. In that we have failed. We have traced this doctrine to its logical and physical results, and we find that we are mistaken. We acknowledge the flag of our country, and are willing to obey the Constitution and to yield to the supremacy of the laws." (Great applause.) Coming in that spirit, I say to them, "When you have complied with the requirements of the Constitution; when you have yielded to the law, when you have acknowledged your allegiance to the Constitution, I will, so far as I can, open the door of the Union to those who had erred and strayed from the fold of their fathers for a time." (Great applause.) Who has suffered more by the Rebellion than I have? I shall not repeat the story of the wrongs and sufferings inflicted upon me; but the spirit of revenge is not the spirit in which to deal with a wronged people. I know there has been a great deal said about the exercise of the pardoning power, so far as your Executive is concerned.

THE LEADING TRAITORS.

There is no one who has labored with more earnestness than myself to have the principal, intelligent and conscious traitors brought to justice, the law vindicated, and the great fact judicially established that treason is a crime (Applause), but while conscious, leading and intelligent traitors are to be punished, should whole communities and States and people be made to submit to the penalty of death? No, no!

I have perhaps as much asperity and as much resentment as men ought to have, but we must reason in great matters of government about man as he is; we must conform our actions and our conduct to the example of Him who founded our holy religion, not that I would make such a comparison on this occasion in any personal aspect.

BEGINNING OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

I came into this place under the constitution of the country and by the approbation of the people, and what did I find? I found eight millions of people who were in fact condemned under the law, and the penalty was death. Was I to yield to the spirit of revenge and resentment, and declare that they should all be annihilated and destroyed? How different would this have been from the example set by the Holy Founder of our religion, the extremities of whose divine arch rests upon the horizon, and the span of which embraces the universe! He who founded this great scheme came into the world and found man condemned under the law, and his sentence was death. What was his example? Instead of putting the world, or even a nation to death, He died upon the cross, attesting, by His wounds and His blood, that He died that mankind might live. [Great applause.]

MASSES OF THE SOUTH.

Let those who have erred repent, let them acknowledge their allegiance, let them become loyal, willing supporters and defenders of our glorious Stars and Stripes and of the Constitution of our country. Let the leaders, the conscious, intelligent traitors be punished and be subjected to the penalties of the law [Applause], but to the great mass who have been forced into this Rebellion in many instances, and in others have been misled, I say clemency, kindness, trust and confidence. [Great applause.]

THE PRESIDENT'S POSITION.

But, my countrymen, after having passed through the rebellion and given such evidence as I have, though men croak a great deal about it now, (laughter)—when I look back through the battle-fields and see many of these brave men in whose company I was in parts of the rebellion where it was most difficult and doubtful to be found, before the smoke of battle has scarcely passed away, before the blood shed has scarcely congealed—what do we find? True, the rebellion is put down by the strong arm of the government in the field; but is that the only way in which we can have rebellion? They struggled for the breaking up of your government; but before they are scarcely out of the battle-field, and before our brave men have scarcely returned to their homes to renew the ties of affection and love, we find ourselves almost in the midst of another rebellion? (Applause.)

PRESENT STATE OF AFFAIRS.

Our war to suppress one rebellion was to prevent the separation of the States, and thereby change the character of the government and weaken its power. Now what is the struggle? There is an attempt to concentrate the power of the government in the hands of the few, and thereby bring about a consolidation which is equally dangerous and objectionable with separation. (Enthusiastic applause.) We find that powers are assumed and attempted to be exercised of a most extraordinary character. What are they? We find that the government can be revolutionized and be changed without going into the battle-field.

Sometimes, revolutions the most disastrous to the people are effected without shedding blood. The substance of our government may be taken away, leaving only the form and shadow—now what are the attempts—which are being prepared? We find, that, in fact, by an irresponsible central directory, nearly all the forces of the government are assumed without ever consulting the legislative or executive departments of the government. Yes, by a resolution reported by a committee upon whom all the legislative power of the government has been conferred.

That principle in the constitution which authorizes and empowers each branch of the legislative department, the Senate and House of Representatives, to be the judges of the election and qualification of its own members, has been virtually taken away from those departments of the government, and conferred upon a committee, who must report before they can act, under the constitution, and allow members duly elected to take their seats. By this rule they assume that there must be laws passed; that there must be recognition, in respect to a State in the Union with all its political rights restored, before the respective Houses of Congress, under the constitution, shall judge of the election and qualifications of its own members.

What position is that? You have been struggling for four years to put down the rebellion; you denied in the beginning of the struggle that any State had the right to go out; you said that they had neither the right nor power. The issue has been made and it has been settled that a State has neither the right nor the power to go out of the Union; and when you have settled that by the executive and military power of the government, and by the public judgment, you turn round and assume that they are not and shall not come in. (Laughter and cheers.) I am free to say to you as your Executive that I am not prepared to take any such position.

I say that when they comply with the constitution—when they have given sufficient evidence of their loyalty, and that they can be trusted—when they yield obedience to the law—I say extend to them the right hand of fellowship, and let peace and union be restored. (Long cheers.)

STILL IN THE FIELD.

I have fought traitors and treason in the South. I opposed the Davises, Toombses, and the Slidells, and a long list of others whose names I need not repeat; and now, when I turn round at the other end of the line, I find men—I care not by what name you call them—(a voice, call them traitors)—who still stand opposed to the restoration of the union of these States, and I am free to say to you that I am still for the re-toration of this Union. I am still in favor of this great government of ours going on and following out its destiny. (A voice, give us the names.)

THE NAMES AT THE OTHER END.

A gentleman calls for their names.—Well, suppose I should give them. [A voice: "We know them."] I look upon them—I repeat it, as President or as a citizen—as much opposed to the fundamental principles of this government, and believe they are as much laboring to prevent or destroy them, as were the men who fought against us. [A voice: "What are the names?"] I say Thaddeus Stevens, of Pennsylvania. [Tremendous applause.] I say Charles Sumner. [Great applause.] I say Wendell Phillips, and others of the same stripe, are among them. [A voice: "Give it to Forney."]

Some gentleman in the crowd says give it to Forney. I have only to say that I do not waste my ammunition upon dead ducks. [Laughter and applause.] I stand for my country. I stand for the constitution, where I placed my feet from my entrance into public life. They may traduce me; they may slander me; they may vituperate; but let me say to you that it has no effect upon me. [Cheers.]

NOT TO BE BULLIED.

And let me say in addition, that I do not intend to be overawed by real or pretended friends, nor do I mean to be bullied by my enemies.—[Applause, and a cry of "the people will sustain you."]

Honest conviction is my courage—the Constitution is my guide. I know, my countrymen, that it has been insinuated, no, not insinuated, it has been said directly, in high places, that if such a usurpation of power as I am charged with had been exercised some two hundred years ago, in a particular reign, it would have cost an individual his head. [Great laughter.] Of what usurpation has Andrew Johnson been guilty? [None. None.]

Is it a usurpation to stand between the people and the encroachments of power?—Because in a conversation with a fellow-citizen who happened to be a Senator, I said that I thought amendments to the Constitution ought not too frequently be made; that if it was continually tinkered with it would lose all its prestige and dignity, and the old instrument would be lost sight of altogether in a short time; and because, in the same conversation, I happened to say that if it were amended at all, such and such an amendment ought not to be adopted, it is charged that I was guilty of a usurpation of power that would have cost a king his head in a certain period of English history. [Great laughter.] From the same source the exclamation has gone forth that they were in the midst of earthquakes; that they were trembling and could not yield. [Laughter.]

JUDGMENT OF THE PEOPLE.

Yes, fellow-citizens, there is an earthquake coming; there is a ground-swell of popular judgment and indignation. [Great applause.] The American people will speak, and, by their instinct if not otherwise, they will know who are their friends and who are their enemies. I have endeavored to be true to the people in all the positions which I have occupied, and there is hardly a position in this Government which I have not at some time filled. I suppose it will be said that this is vanity, [laughter] but I may say that I have been in all of them. I have been in both branches of the State Legislature. [A voice: "You commenced a tailor."]

NO PATCH WORK.

The President—A gentleman behind me says that I began a tailor. Yes, I did begin a tailor, [applause,] and that suggestion does not discomfit me in the least; for when I was a tailor I had the reputation of being a good one, and of making close fits, [laughter,] and I was always punctual to my customers, and did good work.

Voices—We will patch up the Union yet.

The President—No, I do not want any patch work of it; I want the original article restored. [Great applause.] But enough of this facetiousness. I know it may be said, "You are President, and you must not talk about these things;" but, my fellow citizens, I intend to talk the truth, and when principle is involved, when the existence of my country is in peril, I hold it to be my duty to speak what I think and what I feel, as I have always done on former occasions. [Great applause.]

I have said, it has been declared elsewhere that I was guilty of usurpation which would have cost a king his head, and in another place I have been denounced for whitewashing. When or where did I ever whitewash anything or anything? I have been an Alderman of a town, I have been in both branches of the Legislature of my State, I have been in both Houses of the National Congress, I have been at the head of the Executive Department of my State, I have been Vice President of the United States, and am now in the position which I occupy before you, and during all this career where is the man and what portion of the people is there who can say that Andrew Johnson ever made a pledge which he did not redeem, or that he ever made a promise he violated? None. Now point me to the man who can say that Andrew Johnson ever acted with infidelity to the great mass of the people. [Great applause.]

BEHEADING.

Men may talk about beheading and about usurpation, but when I am beheaded I want the American people to be the witnesses. I do not want it, by innuendoes and indirect remarks in high places, to be suggested to men who have assassination brooding in their bosoms, that there is a fit subject. Others have exclaimed that the Presidential obstacle must be gotten out of the way. What is that but, to make use of a strong expression, inciting to assassination? No doubt, I say, the intention was to incite assassination, so the people's choice here could be got out of the way. Are the opponents of this Government not yet satisfied; are those who want to destroy our institutions and to change the character of the Government not satiated with the quantity of blood that has been shed? Are they not satisfied with one martyr in this place? Does not the blood of Lincoln appease their vengeance, and is their thirst still unslaked? Do they still want more blood? Have they not honor and courage enough to seek their end otherwise than through and by the hand of the assassin? I am not afraid of an assassin attacking me where one brave and courageous man would attack another. I only dread him in disguise, and where his footstep is noiseless.

If they want blood, let them have

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Monday Morning, March 5, 1866.

H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

We surrender nearly all of our space to-day to the great speech delivered by President Johnson to THE PEOPLE at Washington on the 22d of February. It is the fullest and freest expression of his opinions which has yet been given to the public. He speaks out with characteristic boldness and energy. Having dared to do what he conscientiously believes to be right, he adheres to his position with a firmness that is a fitting accompaniment of his well recognized honesty of purpose. He meets the great wants of the hour, proves himself entirely equal to the occasion, and confronts the issues forced upon him with the air of a man who never knew what fear meant. He lays bare the infamous and revolutionary designs of such disunionists as Stevens and Sumner, and those who stand by and support them. He holds these, traitors of the present hour, up to the scorn of an outraged and indignant people. He shows the masses how artfully they are plotting the ruin of the Republic. He points out the dangers which threaten, and warns us of the revolution which is impending over our heads. He speaks the truth without any attempt at concealment. His speech will be read with intense interest by the honest masses.

THE NEGRO AT THE BOTTOM.

When, last fall, we accused the Republican leaders and editors of favoring negro suffrage and negro equality, they put in a most vehement denial, and retorted by calling Democrats all the hard names they could think of. But they now show themselves in their true colors.

President Johnson had recently presented to him a bill to clothe and feed, and give lands to, the lazy negroes of the South, at the expense, of course, of the white people of the country. This bill, the President, because of its sweeping extravagance and unconstitutionality, returned to the Senate with his veto, stating his reasons, at length, and so clearly and argumentatively as to carry conviction to every unprejudiced mind.

But what is now the course of the Republican leaders and editors before alluded to? Are they satisfied with the rational and national position of their own President? No! They rave and rant like madmen—denounce him in the most unstinted manner—call him traitor, and invoke demoniac vengeance upon his head. And all for what? Has he violated his oath—has he done injury to the country, or harm to its people? No! He has simply vetoed *a negro bill!* This, and nothing more.

Is it not fair, then, to say that those who oppose the veto are negroites, and that *the negro* is at the bottom of their bitter and outspoken hostility to him?

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE!

In the Senate, at Harrisburg, on the 23d of January, Mr. Landon, Radical, offered a preamble and resolutions, setting forth that the Lower House of Congress had passed a bill giving the negroes in the District of Columbia THE RIGHT TO VOTE, and *approving* and *commending* the votes of Pennsylvania Republican members in its favor, and *instructing* our Senators to vote for it also.

On second reading the yeas and nays were called, with the following result:

YEAS.—Messrs. Bigham, Brown, Connell, Champneys, Dunlap, Graham, Haines, Hoge, Landon, Lowry, McCONAUGHY, Nicholls, Pryor and Shoemaker—14.

NAYS.—Messrs. Beardslee, Glatz, James, Latta, Montgomery, Randall and Wallace—7.

Do the WHITE PEOPLE of this district endorse this NEGRO vote of the bogus Senator?

RADICAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

The New York *Times* on Wednesday published a dispatch from Washington, (where its editor was, with the best means of information,) describing the energy of the new Radical campaign against the President.—As the facts are no doubt authoritative, they deserve prominent mention.

The dispatch runs that "the Radicals have opened a vigorous and practical campaign against the President. The committee appointed at the caucus last Friday evening is thorough and intense in its determination for a break with Mr. Johnson;" and then goes on to announce that they intend to raise $50,000 for a vigorous prosecution of the war. Radical speeches are to be largely distributed, and everything that may be calculated to damage the President in popular estimation is to be resorted to.

With such a determination on their part, a warm contest between the contending parties may be looked for; but the President, with Right on his side, and the will and the pluck to stand by it, will certainly carry a majority of the American people with him. It is safe to predict that from this time forward Radical power will decline.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

The Democratic State Convention, for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, will assemble at Harrisburg to-day. Henry J. Myers, Esq., is the Senatorial Delegate for this district, and Mr. Philip Donohue Representatitve Delegate for this county.—The most prominent candidates for nomination are Hon. Hiester Clymer, of Berks, and Gen. George W. Cass, of Pittsburg.

The Republican Convention will meet on Wednesday. Dr. E. G. Fahnestook is the Representative Delegate for this county, and Hon. A. K. McClure Senatorial Delegate for the district. The nomination of Geary was considered certain three weeks ago; but Ketchum and Morehead have been "looming up" since, and the Geary men have become uneasy.

Dismissed.

Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm was dismissed from her position as clerk in the Quartermaster General's office on Monday, by the Quartermaster General, with the approval of the Secretary of War, for disrespectful language against the President of the United States in Saturday's edition of the newspaper which she edits, the *Reconstructionist*. This is the second dismissal from that office for hostility to the Government. A short time ago a Mr. S. Lathrop was dismissed for utterances disrespectful towards President Johnson.

☞ Peace will be officially declared in a few days, it is said.

ATTEND TO THE SPRING ELECTIONS.

We would earnestly urge upon the Democracy the great importance of attending to the Spring Elections, which will occur on the third Friday of March, (the 16th,) Proper and prompt organization in the different townships will enable us to retain control of many election boards, which carelessness will give into the hands of our opponents. The contest upon which we are about entering will be one of the most exciting ever witnessed. The bold bad men who are now in power will scruple at nothing which may be calculated to ensure their continuance in the positions which they have so much abused. The experience of some years past ought to be sufficient to teach us that they will not hesitate to resort to the most bare-faced and unblushing frauds. The Democracy should take immediate steps to secure the election of their most competent men in the different townships to the important positions of Judges and Inspectors of Elections. Let us begin the campaign aright by carrying the township elections this Spring. There is time enough to do this important work effectually, and barely time enough.

Let the best men of the party be put forward as candidates, and let a vigorous effort be made to carry every township where we have any possible show for it. A little of the right kind of effort can effect wonders in this respect. Let it be attended to at once.

And remember the issue: The Democratic party has the interests of the white race in charge, whilst the leaders of the Republican party have adopted the negro.—State your preference everywhere and vote accordingly.

THE VETO ENDORSED.

At the fullest meeting we ever saw of the Democratic Committee of Adams county, at Wolf's Hotel, in this place, on Saturday last, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Committee, representing the Democracy of Adams county, cordially endorse the able Veto Message of President Johnson, upon the infamous Freedmen's Bureau bill, which the Radicals and Disunionists in Congress attempted to inflict upon our already overburdened country. He should have the support of the whole people in every effort to maintain the Constitution and restore the Union of the States.

THE PRESIDENT SUSTAINED!

The PEOPLE everywhere are *rallying* to the support of President Johnson. Meetings and salutes over the veto are the order of the day. We have not the space to give accounts of all these demonstrations, and therefore merely allude to a few of the more prominent.

The following telegram was addressed to President Johnson:

KEOKUK, Iowa, Feb. 21, 1866.—An immense mass meeting was held here to-day. Great enthusiasm prevailed, and 100 guns were fired for your veto, and your administration is endorsed unanimously.

A large meeting of Conservatives was held at St. Louis, on the 24th, and the President's veto heartily endorsed. There was great enthusiasm.

Maryland Institute, in Baltimore, was jammed by the friends of the President on Monday night. Lieut. Gov. C. C. Cox presided. Senators Cowan and Doolittle were among the speakers. The mention of the President's veto was always received with warm applause.

The people in Western Virginia are holding meetings and enthusiastically endorsing the President's position.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 27.—A Democratic Convention assembled at Sacramento, a few evenings since, in large numbers, to sustain the President's policy generally.—Ex-Governor Bigler addressed them in approval of the President's veto and reconstruction policy.

☞ The heavy shot fired by the President on the 22d into the radical *quacks*, has not only "laid out" Forney as a "dead duck," but also threatens to upset Geary's gubernatorial caculations. Geary having been "everything by turns, and nothing long"—first a Whig, then a Democrat, and now a Republican, as each promised to "pay" best—the "old liners" are evincing fear of his political stability, and in consequence are getting up a formidable movement against him. As evidence of the force of this movement, it may be stated that one of the papers here which placed his name at its mast-head week before last, *hauled it down* last week, without a "why or wherefore." The "back-out" is looked upon as significant, and has caused something of a flutter in Republican circles. There is certainly, as our neighbor of the *Sentinel* would say, something "*very* strange" about it.

☞ The *Sentinel* speaks of those who glory in President Johnson's veto as "southern sympathizers." He seems to forget that Secretaries Seward and Dennison, Commodore Vanderbilt, Robert J. Walker, and many others of the most prominent Republicans in the country, support the President—as do two-thirds of the people.

☞ The trouble is that Forney, D. D., being decidedly "dead," already stinketh, and can no longer be used in his former capacity as *decoy* for birds of the same feather. This is a pity, for as carrion crows are useful as scavengers, so was Forney, D. D., useful in decoying out of the canvass-back flock all the oleaginous and fishy "dippers," "divers," and "red-heads," by which it was contaminated.

☞ "When the Executive imagines that the Legislative branch has erred in judgment, or passed an act deemed by him unconstitutional, he has the clear legal right to veto it. They have a right to pass what they deem proper, and he has the Constitutional right to disapprove—and if they have the constitutional number of two-thirds, they can pass the bill against his veto."—*Sentinel.*

There's *side-taking* for you! The feat of one individual riding two horses in opposite directions at one and the same time is nothing to it!

☞ Forney's *Press*, McClure's *Repository*, with most of the Republican papers of the State, are savagely denouncing President Johnson. The fight is fairly started, and will doubtless "go bravely on."

☞ The Republican members of the Legislature, one night last week, after a stormy session of three hours, passed resolutions endorsing Congress. The caucus was secret, and its full proceedings have not yet seen daylight.

☞ It is said that some sixty Republican members of the House favor the admission of Representatives from Tennessee. These added to the Democrats make a majority of the House. The President is gaining on Old Thad.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Items Solicited from all Parts of the County.

FIRST OF APRIL.—We have some debts to meet the coming first of April—"with debts." In order to do so, we must ask a "lift" from those indebted to us—and hope that none will fail to "respond to the call." If those who owe us for job printing and advertising (which in most cases are now cash) would settle promptly, it would be much of a "help." We hope that ALL concerned will do in this matter as they would wish to be done by.

☞ The Democrats of FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP are requested to meet at the house of John P. Butt, on Saturday, March 10th, between the hours of 8 and 5 o'clock, to settle a township ticket.

ARRESTED.—Sheriff Robert last week arrested, at Petersburg, John Ulrich, charged with having stolen the horses of Jacob R. Witmer and Geo. Lower, in Straban township, on the night of the 5th of January. Ulrich is in jail. The horses have been recovered by their owners.

ROBBERIES.—On Friday night week, the warehouse of Mr. David Hoke, in New Oxford, was entered through a back window, and robbed of a quantity of flour, sugar, coffee, tobacco, and about 40 cents in coin.

On the following night, the warehouse of Mr. Daniel Gulden, on the railroad, five miles from this place, was also burglariously entered, and such articles as sugar, coffee, tobacco, segars, and a parcel of postage stamps, carried off.

We have not heard the estimated loss in either case, nor whether there are well-founded suspicions as to the guilty party or parties.

ATTEMPTED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—On last Sabbath evening, as Mr. Alonzo Holland was on his way to his home in Greenwood, from New Salem, Adams county, he was met by a man in a narrow defile near the top of the mountain, who seized his horse and demanded his money. Fortunately Mr. Holland had a revolver in his pocket, and when his money was demanded he produced it, and when the highwayman saw that he was prepared for such a meeting he hastily decamped without any booty. Mr. Holland had some seventeen hundred dollars about his person and the villain was probably aware of it.—Pilot.

MARE RECOVERED.—Ex-Sheriff Babylon has recovered his valuable race mare, stolen some months ago. She had been sold to some person in Cumberland county, Pa., who afterwards pursued the supposed thief, a man named Huff, and had him arrested and committed to jail at Hagerstown, Md.—[Westminster Advocate.

DEMONOLOGY.—Rev. Mr. Conser will deliver his Lecture on Demonology and Witchcraft, in the Methodist Church, in this place, on the evening of the 19th inst. The Lecture has been several times repeated, always drawing full houses.—Messrs. J. L. Schick, Wm. Guinn, J. C. Griffith and C. H. Buehler are the Committee having the arrangements in charge.

☞ Rev. J. R. Warner will deliver his Lecture on the Battle of Gettysburg, in the Marsh Creek (Presbyterian) Church, on Friday, March 9th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Admission 25 cents.

☞ T. P. Brenneman has been appointed Postmaster at Arendtsville, in this county, in place of George G. Plank, resigned; and Samuel Martin at Fountaindale, this county, in place of John C. Martin, resigned.

ECLIPSE.—On the evening of the 30th of March instant, a total eclipse of the moon will occur. It will begin at five minutes past nine o'clock, will be at its total at twelve minutes past ten, and begin to disappear at fifty-one minutes past eleven. It will be visible throughout the United States.

PROPERTY SALES.—George Arnold, Esq., has sold his Mill Property, on Marsh Creek, (known as McElheny's Mill,) to George Gingell, of Maryland, for $8,800 cash.

James Wilson has purchased the property of Mrs. Eliza Wintrode, in West Middle street, for $810 cash.

☞ The New York Assembly has passed a bill appropriating $20,000 to the Gettysburg National Cemetery, and the House at Washington has passed a bill to allow the Cemetery Association to import free of duty—having reference, we suppose, to the statuary for the Monument. The saving thus secured will amount to several thousand dollars.

☞ The Ladies' Fair recently held in Bendersville for the benefit of the united Lutheran and German Reformed churches of that place, proved a decided success. The proceeds amounted to over $800, exclusive of expenses, and are to be appropriated to repairing said edifice. The crowd on the occasion is said to have been very large.—The taste displayed by the ladies having the matter in charge has been highly commended.

☞ The Fair at Hanover, for the benefit of Mt. Olivet Cemetery, was a grand success, realizing about eight hundred dollars.

☞ The sale of Wm. Eicholtz, advertised for the 20th inst, will not take place, he having made other arrangements.

☞ That "loyalty" which considers it a "desecration" to fire a salute on Cemetery Hill in honor of President Johnson, or "the Government;" is a trifle too intense. Where's Detective Baker? In his absence, will not McConnaughy interfere?

☞ Blank Deeds, of the different forms, with all other Blanks, printed with new type on good paper, for sale at the COMPILER office.

☞ Pleasant Hill Hotel, in Hanover, has been purchased by Jeremiah Kohler, at $4,000, with a view to its opening in the spring as a city boarding house.

☞ It is said that Lilly's, Scott's, Kohler's and Diehl's dams, on Little Conowago, were all considerably injured by the recent ice flood in that stream.

SOMETHING NEW IN CARLISLE.—They have a Wholesale Grocery and Queensware Store that proposes to "fit up" any New Store that may open this Spring, with all they may want in their line, at Importers' and Manufacturers' prices. Remember you will save traveling expenses, boxing, porterage, freight, &c., by buying from WM. BLAIR & SON, South End, Carlisle, Pa.

N. B.—All unsatisfactory goods may be returned and the money refunded. [Feb. 26, 3t*

☞ Hopkins' Hoop Skirts, for ladies and children, adv. in this issue. Call at 628 Arch street, Philadelphia, and examine stock of goods.

☞ Special attention of Merchants and others is invited to card, in this issue, of Howell & Bourke, manufacturers of Wall Papers, etc., etc.

LETTER FROM OILDOM.

PITHOLE CITY, Feb. 19th, 1866.

H. J. STABLE, Esq.—Dear Sir: There has been a great excitement here for some time past, caused by several of the springs and wells in the city commencing to flow oil. The circumstance which led to the discovery of this singular freak occurred several days ago. A fire broke out in Holmeden street. The fire companies instantly repaired to the scene of destruction, and commenced conveying water from a well in the vicinity to extinguish the burning element. After drawing several hundred pail-fulls, it was discovered that the water produced no effect in extinguishing the fire, but that the abundance of (supposed) water which was dashed upon it only increased its fury. This singular incident caused an investigation of the matter, when, to the utter astonishment of all present, it was discovered that they were drawing oil from the well. Pumps were inserted and the following night seventy-five barrels of oil were taken from it. Soon the excitement was raised to its highest pitch; owners of lots and leases with wells or springs upon them ran to see if some unknown cause had changed the water to oil in their wells. By noon on the following day six or seven springs and wells in the city began in like manner to flow oil, and on Sunday last a shoemaker in Holmeden street found his cellar with several feet of oil in it. The fortunate persons are engaged in pumping and dipping day and night.

This occurrence is very singular, and has caused great excitement and much speculation as to its cause. Formerly no surface oil had been found in so large a quantity, and the producing wells on the flat were sunk from six to seven hundred feet before striking the reservoirs of oil. The first reports of oil being found upon the surface were considered a hoax, but have proved to be true.—On Monday last, I visited several of the springs and wells, and saw them dip from one spring a barrel of beautiful crude oil, in five minutes. Fear is entertained that it will cause the destruction of Pithole. Should it take fire it would be almost impossible to save it, and the greatest caution is exercised to prevent any accident of the kind.

Times are tight here at present, but there is a prospect of brisk times again commencing with the opening spring. A great many of the merchants who have failed to meet their demands this spring are being sold out by their creditors.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections.—The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., New York.
Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers St., New York.
Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Strange, but True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned.—Those having tears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Mar. 5, '66. 1y 831 Broadway, N. Y.

Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment.

More testimony!—This is to certify that for the last five years I have used in my family Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment, and in every instance have found it fully equal to his recommendations. I have found it to give almost instantaneous relief in cases of toothache, croup, bilious colic, sore throat, pain in the chest and back, and rheumatism, and I cheerfully recommend its trial to every one afflicted with any of the above named diseases.

JAMES H. WARNER.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 16th, 1861.

Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt st., New York. [Feb. 12, 1866. 1m

Brandreth's Pills.

Costiveness, Diarrhea.—They are taken up by the absorbants, and carried into the circulation, through which medium they are conveyed to every part of the body.

If the pain affects the joints, a single dose produces remarkable benefit. And the same rule applies to costiveness, diarrhea and dysentery; though with the last named they may be required night and morning for some days before decided relief is obtained. In affections of the lungs, throat, head and pleurisy, the relief is certain; the excretory organs throw off with ease the phlegm, and the breathing becomes freer. Spasmodic asthma is often cured by a single dose.

Feb. 12, 1866. 1m

Radway's Regulating Pills.

Radway's Regulating Pills do not gripe nor give pain, weaken and exhaust you, like other pills. They do not irritate the coats of the intestines, to produce a violent expulsion of the contents of the bowels, thus suspending all the other secretions and occasioning cramps, nausea, tenesmus, etc. Dr. Radway's Pills, on the contrary, exercise a general influence—Their action is not confined to a portion of the bowels. They dissolve in the stomach; and being composed of highly concentrated medicinal extracts, instead of being compounded of crude drugs, they influence the entire system, controlling, strengthening, bracing up the relaxed and wasted energies. Besides this they gently correct the secretions into the natural performance of their duties, cleansing and purifying the blood, and purging from the system all diseased deposits and impure humors. Radway's Pills are perfect purgatives, and yet they are tonic, aperient, stimulant, sudorific, alterative, and counter-irritant.—They are an excellent substitute for bitters—so many of which lead, in time, to habits of drunkenness. They are the only vegetable substitute for mercury, blue pill, calomel, antimony, &c. They are more reliable, as evacuants, than the drastic pills of aloes, or Croton and Harlem oil, or elaterium. They are more soothing and healing than sena or rhubarb, tamarinds, or castor-oil. They can be taken with safety and confidence in inflammation of the bowels, when the irritation produced by other other pills would not only increase the disorder, but induce ulceration. Radway's Pills, in short, are a Household Medicine, always available, always useful, always effective, always safe, always fit to be taken by the most delicate person under the most delicate circumstances. They suit men, women, and children, always do good, and never produce mischief.

N. B.—In all cases of Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Jaundice, Costiveness, there is no medicine so sure of curing the sick as Radway's Regulating Pills.

Read the following letter:

CURE OF DYSPEPSIA.

Joliette, Canada East, Oct. 12, '61.

Dr. John Radway & Co., Montreal, C. E.:—For four years I have suffered with Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Sinking Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, with Nervousness, Bad Dreams, and very little Sleep; my appetite entirely gone, and my stomach so weak as to be unable to digest the most simple food. During this time I lost forty-five pounds of flesh (or weight, as you may call it.) I was induced to take your Regulating Pills, as prescribed in your Almanac. I used only one box, and before I completed the box my appetite was restored to me, my stomach perfectly healthy, my dyspepsia, bad dreams, and other disagreeable symptoms cured and was restored to my original weight, so that one box of your Pills cured me of a disease that for four years had made me miserable, and gave me forty-five pounds additional weight. I have taken many kinds of Pills, but I believe Dr. Radway's Pills the best in use.

JOHN DESCHAMYS, Ville Joliette, C. E.

Price of Radway's Pills, 25 cents per box.—Sold by Druggists. RADWAY & CO.,
Feb. 26. 2w 87 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions setting when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be, used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.
Nov. 6, 1865. 1y

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited.—It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sold by all Druggists. Sole Agent for the United States and Canada.

JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

N. B.—$1,00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. Sold by A. D. Buehler. [Dec., 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This Snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes. Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff, has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1864: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it on our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Reed, Auston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Reed, Cutler & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Hemphry, Edmand & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Chase & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York.

For sale by all Druggists. Try it.
Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord on Larinoisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garancière & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by a sedentary mode of living, excesses, or abuse. R. A. BEAUREPAIRE, M. D.
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LECHEK, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1863."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The Genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or Six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIÈRE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortlandt st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.
Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

To Die in a Bad Cause

as those who fall in the rebel ranks undoubtedly do, is foolish. But on the other hand

DYEING FOR A GOOD CAUSE

as those who are wise and prudent enough to remedy the defects of nature with

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

are doing every day, in every City of the Union, is eminently praiseworthy. This peaceful revolution is going on throughout the whole land, and thus beauty and harmony supplant homeliness and incongruity. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [May 8. 1m

Eye and Ear!

PROF. J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is located at No. 519 PINE Street, PHILADELPHIA, where persons afflicted with diseases of the EYE or EAR, will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. N. B.—ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain. No charges made for examination. The medical faculty is invited, as he has no secret in his mode of treatment.

July 17, 1865. 1y

"DISLOYAL" TALK.

Forney, out of hatred and revenge, says that President Johnson was intoxicated when he made his great speech on the 22d. But the New York *Tribune's* correspondent, bitterly hostile to the President, pronounces the charge false, declaring that there is no ground for the accusation. The speech itself is sufficient refutation of the base slander of Forney.

The President was sober, and spoke the words of soberness and truth. His speech was an appeal to the masses, and they responded—and will continue to respond as long as the negroites in Congress continue their war upon the President.

☞ Forney has now got a name which will last him a life-time. During Mr. Lincoln's time he was a live dog, but now, according to President Johnson, he is only a "dead duck."

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restoration of the Union, from which I have departed. None.

Then the war is not simply upon me, but it is my predecessor also. I have tried to do my duty. I know that some are envious and jealous and speak of the White House as having attractions for the President. Let me say to you the charms of the White House have as little influence upon me as upon any individual in this country, and much less upon me than upon those who are talking about it.

The little that I eat and wear does not amount to much, and the difference between what is enough to sustain me and my little family, is very small; for I am not kin to many folks by consanguinity, though by affinity I am a kin to everybody.

The difference between the little that suffices for my stomach and back and more than enough has no charms for me. The proud and conscientious satisfaction of having performed my duty to my country, to my children, and to my inner man, is all the reward that I ask. [Great applause.]

In conclusion, let me ask this vast concourse here to-day, this sea of upturned faces to come with me, or I will go with you and stand around the Constitution of our country, it is again unfolded. The people are invited to read and understand, to sustain and maintain its provisions.

Let us stand by the Constitution of our fathers, though the heavens themselves should fall. Though factions may rage, though taunts and jeers may come, though abuse and vituperation may be poured out in the most bitter form, I mean to be found *standing* by the Constitution of the country; standing by the Constitution as the chief ark of our safety, as the palladium of our civil and our religious liberty.

Yes, let us cling to it as the mariner clings to the last plank, when the night and tempest close around him. Accept my thanks, my countrymen, for the indulgence you have extended to me while submitting to you extemporaneously, and, perhaps, incoherently, the remarks which I have now made. Let us go away forgetting the past, and looking to the future, resolved to endeavor to restore our Government to its pristine purity, trusting to Him who is on high, but who controls all here below, that ere long our Union will be restored, and that we shall have peace not only with all the nations of the earth, but peace and good will among all parts of the people of the United States.

CONCLUSION.

I thank you for the respect you have manifested to me on this occasion, and if the time shall come during the period of my existence when this country is to be destroyed and its Government overturned, if you will look out you will find the humble individual who, stands before you there with you, endeavoring to avert its final destruction.

The President retired amidst a perfect storm of applause.

Terrible Explosion at Middletown, Pa.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 27.—A most terrible explosion of a boiler occurred at about half-past seven o'clock last evening, at the furnace of J. & H. J. Meilly, located at the junction of the Pennsylvania and Union Canals, at Middletown, resulting in the complete destruction of the furnace and the killing of five men, besides the wounding of six other persons, one of whom cannot live. Eight boilers, four large and four small, were in the furnace, one of which was raised from its bed, passed up and through the building, and carried a distance of five hundred yards over a brick dwelling and a furnace, lodging in the Pennsylvania Canal. All the other boilers were torn from their beds and scattered in various directions, some of them passing through houses and other buildings.

A portion of a boiler was hurled through a room in which two women were lying sick, but missed them. The bridge over the Union Canal was carried away, nothing but the abutments remaining. The cinder cart and horse attached were standing near the building and were carried a distance of fifty yards into the Union Canal.

The loss of the Messrs. Meilly will reach if not exceed $50,000. They intend to rebuild the works immediately, and workmen are already employed in removing the debris of the old structure.

What is Thought in Washington of the Possibility of Assassination.

[Washington Correspondence Sunday Mercury.]

There is reason for believing that the President knew what he was about when he charged upon certain Radical leaders a determination to assassinate him. It is said that immediately after his veto message information was forwarded to Mr. Johnson that there was a conspiracy among certain negroes for the purpose of murdering him, inspired as the story ran by some Radicals of the John Brown stripe. The story may appear incredible; but it should be remembered that, like all other fanaticisms, the anti-slavery agitation has developed some very violent types of character. There are certain enthusiasts who really believe that it is the mission of the nation to confer equality upon the negro; that the time is propitious, and that the only obstacle in the way is Andrew Johnson. Were some one else than he occupying the Presidency, the present Congress would enact universal negro suffrage and the equality of negroes before the law. That the actions of these wretched people can be traced to Sumner and Stevens is, of course, incredible; but the remarkable statement of Stevens in the House, without any provocation, that "the man at the other end of the avenue should recall the fate of Charles the First," excited the suspicions of the President, and together with the information he had received, led to the remarks he made on the subject of his personal assassination.

☞ The Emmitsburg stage that left this place on last Thursday, took a negro boy as passenger. On arriving at Catoctin Furnace, in this county, the driver stopped to water his horses, when the boy through curiosity went to the establishment to witness the operation of melting iron ore, and was looking down into one of the receivers from which a large quantity of gas escaped, which almost instantly suffocated him, and he at once lost all use of himself and tumbled headlong into the lake of fire and was burned to death. All efforts to recover the boy from the liquid flames were rendered impracticable, and he was left to his awful fate.—*Frederick (Md.) Advertiser.*

☞ The Washington correspondent of the New York *World* relates that all the speeches of the President are not reported, and in addition to what Mr. Johnson said to the men of Montana and the Sambos, he made the following impressive speech to a man from "out West" recently:

"There is a commission on my table now which was filled out for Mr. ———, but he will never see it. I know as well what is going on out that way as you do. I know you have what you call a 'Chase faction,' and I don't know what other factions. But I know what I am trying to do for restoration; and if you, or any other man, think I am going to place men in prominent positions who will use their places to oppose my policy, you are very much mistaken. You may tell this to whom you please. I desire to have it thoroughly understood."

☞ It is a very singular fact that, since the veto of the Negro Bureau bill, "Outrages on Freedmen" have multiplied a thousand fold—on paper. The agents of the present Bureau assert, however, that everything is working smoothly and favorably, notwithstanding the sensational stories manufactured for Northern consumption by radical scribblers.

"I do not waste my Ammunition upon Dead Ducks."—If any of our benevolent citizens have a spare auger-hole, or a crack in a garret wall, not occupied by rodent animals, they will be performing an act of real humanity by giving the use of it to the "Occasional" editor of the *Press.*—*Phila. News.*

Do Let Brick.

Sambo—Who frew dat ole Wick?

Pompey—What fur brick?

Sambo—De brick that smashed de colored barber.

Pompey—Why, Andy Johnson frew dat brick.

Sambo—Golly! but he frew strong.

☞ A *black* duck—Charles Sumner.

A *lame* duck—Thad. Stevens.

A *dead* duck—John W. Forney.

Wounded ducks—Postmasters, Revenue Collectors and Assessors, and Federal office-holders, generally.

☞ Some of the "Republican" organs are terribly shocked at the "want of dignity" in the President's speech of the 22d. They seem to have forgotten him of joking memory. How circumstances alter cases.

☞ The shoddy majority at the local election in Johnstown, Cambria county, last week, was reduced from 250 to an average of 70 votes. These are the fruits of running the "Republican" machine in the interest of negroism in that region.

THE MARKETS.

Gettysburg.			
Flour	8 00	to	8 50
Rye Flour			3 50
White Wheat	1 90	to	2 00
Red Wheat	1 60	to	1 85
Corn			50
Rye			60
Oats			35
Buckwheat			70
Timothy Seed	2 50	to	3 00
Flax Seed	1 75	to	2 00
Clover Seed	5 00	to	5 50

Baltimore.			
Flour	8 25	to	8 75
Wheat	2 00	to	2 85
Rye	80	to	85
Corn	69	to	71
Oats	49	to	52
Clover-seed	6 00	to	7 75
Timothy-seed	4 25	to	4 50
Hogs, per pound	13 00	to	14 00
Beef Cattle, per hund	10 00	to	18 00
Hay	17 00	to	18 00
Whiskey	2 26	to	2 29

MARRIED.

On the 1st inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. F. Stoutler, by Rev. J. Keller Miller, Mr. HENRY FRITZ, of Franklin township, to Miss JULIANN STOUFFER, of Beechersville.

On the 27th ult., in this place, by Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. HENRY T. REEVER, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss JULIA E. GILBERT, of Mountjoy township, this county.

In Connersville, Indiana, Feb. 1st, 1866, by Rev. Wm. Robson, Mr. FRANK H. MONFORT, formerly of this county, to Miss BELLE SHEPHERD.

On the 16th of Jan., 1866, at the Ev. Lutheran Church, in New Oxford, by Rev. D. R. Starner, Mr. DAVID P. STONESIFER to Miss ELLEN, eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. Kohler, both of Adams co.

Feb. 27th, at the residence of the bride's father, in Tyrone township, by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. EPHRAIM BRAIM to Miss ELLEN C. BOWER, both of Adams county.

DIED.

☞ Obituary notices 3 cents per line for all over four lines—cash to accompany notice.

On the 18th of Jan., 1866, in Talladega, Alabama, Mr. DANIEL M. WEAVER, son of Conrad Weaver, formerly of Gettysburg, aged about 27 years and 9 months.

On Wednesday last, ANNA MARY, daughter of G. A. and Josephine Codori, aged 1 year and 7 days.

Bounty Tax Notice.

THE School Directors of Strasburg township will allow an abatement of FIVE PER CENT. on all Bounty Tax levied for 1866, paid on or before the 2d day of APRIL next; and in case said tax is not paid within one month thereafter, the same will be placed in the hands of an officer, and its collection positively enforced, without respect to persons. By order of the Board.

PHILIP DONOHUE, President.

WM STALLSMITH, Secretary.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1Mp1*

Estate Notice.

ESTATE OF ABRAHAM HART, SR.—The undersigned, Agent for the Heirs of Abraham Hart, Sr., late of Mummasburg, Adams county, deceased, hereby requests all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL HART,

March 5, 1866. 6t* Franklin tp.

Notice.

JOHN CAMP'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Camp, late of Oxford township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the city of Baltimore, Md., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH CAMP, Adm'r.

March 5, 1866. 6t*

Agents Wanted to Sell

THE GREAT AMERICAN CALIGRAPHICAL PUZZLE.—The cheapest and most wonderful Puzzle of the age. Agents can easily make from $10 to $20 a day. I will give any one agent $100 if he can sell 50 thousand. Send 10 cents for sample Puzzle.

PHILIP HILL,

250 Market st., Philadelphia, Pa.

March 5, 1866. 4t

1866. Philadelphia 1866.

WALL PAPERS.

HOWELL & BOURKE,

Manufacturers of PAPER HANGINGS and WINDOW SHADES,

Corner FOURTH & MARKET Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Always in store, a large stock of LINEN & OIL SHADES.

March 5, 1866. 3m

Poudrette!

(SIXTEEN YEARS FAIR TRIAL!)

A. PEYSSON, PHILADELPHIA.—POUDRETTE, $20 00 per ton, taken from the Factory, loose, or 50 cents per bushel, and $20 00 per ton in bags, delivered at Steamboat and Railroad Depots, in Philadelphia.—Manufactory, Gray's Ferry Road, above the Arsenal, Philad'a. Depot, Peysson's Farm, Gloucester, N. J., Woodbury road.

Office—Library Street, No. 420, back of the New Post Office, Philadelphia. Dealers,

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

Fourth & Gallowhill Sts., Philadelphia.

March 5, 1865. 3m

628. Hoop Skirts. 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE," Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia.—The most complete assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's HOOP SKIRTS, in this City; gotten up expressly to meet the WANTS of FIRST-CLASS TRADE; embracing the newest and most desirable Styles and Sizes of "Gore Traile," of every length—from 2¼ to 4 yds. round—20 to 56 Springs, at $2 to $5 00. Plain Skirts, all lengths, from 2½ to 3 yards round the bottom, at $1 40 to $3 16.

Our line of Misses' and Children's SKIRTS, are proverbially beyond all competition, for variety of styles and sizes—as well as for finish and durability; varying from 8 to 23 inches in length, 6 to 45 Springs at 35 cents to $2 25. All Skirts of "OUR OWN MAKE," are Warranted to give satisfaction; but buy none as such, unless they have, "Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch Street," Stamped on each Tab!

Also, constantly on hand, GOOD SKIRTS, Manufactured in New York, and the Eastern States, which we sell at very low Prices. A lot of cheap Skirts—15 springs, 85 cents; 20 springs, $1 00—25 springs, $1 15—30 springs, $1 25 and 40 springs $1 50.

☞ Skirts made to Order and Repaired.

☞ THESE CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY!

March 5, 1866. 4m

Gold.

COIN and COUPONS, bought at the First National Bank of Gettysburg.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 20, 1865.

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

A Valuable Farm,

IN FREDERICK COUNTY, MD., AT PUBLIC SALE.—On TUESDAY, the 27th day of MARCH inst., will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, by the Heirs,

THE FARM of the late Abraham Crapster, deceased, situated in Emmitsburg district, Frederick county, Md., on the road leading to Bruceville, half a mile from Wilson's Ford, adjoining lands of Wm. Morrison, Widow Morrison, Stanburys, and others, and within one mile of the last surveyed route for the Western Maryland Railroad. The Farm contains about 208 ACRES, more or less, about 25 acres of which are in timber. The land is in a good state of cultivation.—The improvements are a large Two-story Stone HOUSE, with Back-building attached, a good Log Barn, Stabling and Wagon Shed, Carriage, Hog, Wood and Dry Houses, and other out-buildings; also two good Tenant Houses. There is an elegant well of water at the house, also at the barn, and springs in every field on the place—with a splendid and never-failing Apple Orchard, and fruit of every other kind.

This Farm is a very desirable one in many respects, and therefore offers a rare chance to persons wishing to purchase real estate of the kind. Those wishing to view it are requested to call on the premises.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ALICE M. CRAPSTER, (Widow,)
ANNIE M. GILLILAND,
WM. W. CRAPSTER,
SALLIE J. DORSEY,

March 5, 1866. ts Heirs.

Public Sale

OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of MARCH inst., the subscriber, as Agent for the Heirs of Abraham Hartlar, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said decedent, in Mummasburg, Adams county, five miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable Real and Personal Property, viz:

SEVERAL TRACTS OF LAND, in all about 32 Acres, situate in said town of Mummasburg and immediate vicinity, all in excellent order, (having been well limed) and under good fence. On a lot of about two acres are erected a Two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE, Log Barn, with Sheds, and other out-buildings; also thereon a well and spring of water, and an excellent chard of first rate apples, with other choice fruit. The land will be offered all together, or in lots, as may best suit purchasers.

At the same time and place, will be sold, 1 HORSE, 3 good Cows, 2 large Shoats, Two-horse Wagon, Board Bed, Hay Carriages, Rockaway Buggy, Sleigh and Bells, Horse Gears and Harness, Check Lines, Riding Saddle and Bridle, Side Saddle, Harrisburg Winnowing Mill, (a first-rate article,) Cutting Box, 2 Coulter Ploughs, Harrow, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Single and Double-trees, Log Chain, Halter and Cow Chains, 2 Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Forks, Rakes, Mattock, Shovels, Hoes, Post and other Augers, Chisels; a lot of Oak Shingles; Wheat, Corn and Rye by the bushel; Hay by the ton, Rye Straw and Corn Fodder by the bundle, and Sweet and Irish Potatoes by the bushel; 2 Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, a large lot of Carpeting, Cook Stove and fixtures, 3 Ten-plate Stoves and pipe, Desk, Mantle Clock, 2 Cupboards and Cupboard Furniture, 2 Copper and 2 Iron Kettles, Barrels, Tubs, Meat Vessels, 2 Wood Chests, 2 first-rate Flax-Hackles, Cabbage Cutter, Maul and Wedges, Bacon and Lard by the pound, Apple-butter by the crock, Cross-cut Saw, and other articles—indeed, all the personal, as well as real estate of said decedent.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL HART,

March 5, 1866. ts* Agent for the Heirs.

Poor House Accounts.

JACOB SHEADS, Esq., Treasurer, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams—being from the 1st day of January, A. D., 1865, to the 1st day of January, A. D., 1866:

DR.	
To order on County Treasurer,	$1,500 00
" " "	1,000 00
" " "	8 00
Cash from the estate of Gal Vice,	600 00
Order on County Treasurer,	1,000 00
" " "	80
Cash for fines of John F. Houck, Esq.,	
Cash from John Martin, interest on L. Morford's note,	6 00
Order on County Treasurer,	1,500 00
" " "	1,000 00
Dividends on Jas. Dobbins' stock, York and Gettysburg Turnpike,	20 00
Cash from Michael Miller, paym't on land,	12 67
Order on County Treasurer,	500 00
" " "	600 00
" " "	1,200 00
Judgment vs. Salome Artz, 25 60	
Costs paid to J. Bushey, 1 10	24 50
Order on County Treasurer,	1,000 00
Returned by Abraham Krise,	2 30
Order on County Treasurer,	1,000 00
" " "	2,000 00
" " "	1,000 00
" " "	600 00
" " "	800 00
Cash of George W. Philips for horse,	25 00
	$15,399 27

CR.	
By bal. due Treasurer at last settlement,	$228 52
Out-door paupers' support,	956 50
Merchandise and groceries,	3,948 26
Pork, beef, veal and bacon,	1,886 77
Horses, cows, beef cattle, sheep and hogs,	1,774 00
Flour, grain and grinding,	3,495 21
Mechanics' work,	736 03
Stone coal and lime,	172 35
Drugs and medicines,	138 88
Wood chopping, making rails, &c.,	411 31
Male hirelings,	236 25
Female do.,	211 25
Funeral expenses,	131 10
Publishing accounts, &c.,	70 00
Clover-seed,	22 50
Sundry expenses,	246 35
Insurance fees,	31 50
Counsel fees,	10 00
Physician's salary,	135 00
Directors' extra services,	65 00
Steward's salary,	250 00
Clerk's salary,	40 00
Treasurer's salary,	40 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	121 49
	$15,399 27

We, the subscribers, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do hereby certify that we have examined the items which compose the foregoing account, and that they are correct—being from the 3d day of January, A. D., 1865, to the 1st day of January, A. D., 1866, both days inclusive.

JACOB HULL,
JOS. BURKEE,
J. C. PITTENTURF,
Auditors.

JACOB CULP, Esq., Steward, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams—being from the 3d day of January, A. D., 1865, to the 30th day of September, A. D., 1865:

DR.	
To balance in hands of Steward at last settlement,	$20 16
Cash for calf,	3 00
Cash found with Catharine Roth,	1 13
Cash from J. Hollebaugh,	3 00
Cash for John Mundorff's horse,	9 50
Cash for shingles,	32 20
Cash for tallow,	25 30
Cash found with Catharine Unger,	3 55
Cash for lard,	20 00
Interest from Andrew Polly for Eliza White,	9 97
Cash for extra hog,	1 00
Order on Treasurer,	50 00
Cash for hay,	29 34
Order on Treasurer,	50 00
Balance due Steward,	9 55
	$238 30

CR.	
By general expenses,	$12 47
Cash paid hirelings and harvesting,	155 00
Removing paupers,	5 50
Relief to paupers,	11 00
Digging graves,	1 00
Vegetables and fruit,	12 47
Oats,	86
Lime,	4 80
Veal and fish,	2 82
Stove,	6 00
Mechanics,	47 58
Groceries,	4 00
Advertising estrays,	2 00
Freight,	80
	$238 30

We, the undersigned, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do certify that we have examined the items which compose the above account, and do report that the same is correct—the same embracing the account of Jacob Culp, the former Steward, from the 3d day of January, A. D., 1865, to the 30th day of September, A. D., 1865—both days inclusive.

JACOB HULL,
JOS. BURKEE,
J. C. PITTENTURF,
Auditors.

JONAS JOHNS, Esq., Steward, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams—being from the 1st day of October, A. D., 1865, to the 1st day of January, A. D., 1866:

DR.	
To order on Treasurer,	$30 00
" " "	50 00
	$100 00

CR.	
By general expenses,	$9 90
Relief to paupers,	3 30
Vegetables and fruit,	6 20
Lime,	2 00
Mechanics,	16 00
Shoes,	10 00
Rye Straw,	8 80
Groceries, &c.,	8 80
Balance in hands of Steward,	34 10
	$100 00

We, the subscribers, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do certify that we have examined the items which compose the above account, and do report that the same is correct—the same embracing the account of Jonas Johns, the present Steward, from the 1st day of October, A. D., 1865, to the 1st day of January, A. D., 1866—both days inclusive.

JACOB HULL,
JOS. BURKEE,
J. C. PITTENTURF,
Auditors.

LIST OF PAUPERS remaining in the Almshouse of Adams county, on the 1st of January, 1866:

Males,	50
Females,	30
Children,	8
Colored,	4
	92
Transient paupers,	721

PRODUCE OF FARM FOR 1865.

Wheat, bushels,	500
Rye, "	11½
Oats, "	600
Corn, " in ears,	2,000
Beets, "	10
Potatoes, "	140
Clovereed, "	10½
Loads of Cornfodder,	30
Tons of Hay,	70
Heads of Cabbage,	400
Pounds of Pork,	8,000

JONAS JOHNS, Steward.

March 5, 1866. 4t

PUBLIC SALE

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On MONDAY, the 19th day of MARCH inst., the subscriber, intending to remove to the West, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, about one-fourth of a mile west of Bonaughtown, the following valuable personal property, viz:

3 WORK HORSES, 1 Two-yearling Colt, 4 Milch Cows, (two will have calves by the time of sale,) 8 Shotes, 2 Sheep, 1 Goat, 1 Four-horse Three-inch-tread Wagon, Four-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, Spring Wagon, 2 Stone Beds, Hay Carriages, Dung Boards, Sleigh, Spring-tooth Horse Rake, Ploughs and Harrows, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Land Roller, Double and Single-trees, Stretchers, Fifth Chain, Log Chain, Horse Collars, Blind Bridles, Wagon Saddle, Wagon Whip, Lines, Riding Bridles, Halters and Cow Chains, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Wheelbarrow, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Forks, Rakes, Mattocks, Shovels, &c.

Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads and Bedding, Bureau, Eight-day Clock, Looking Glasses, Sink, Stands, Safe, Cooking Stove and Fixtures, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, Iron Kettle, Queens-ware, Tin-ware, Earthen-ware, Dough-tray, Churn, Tubs, Barrels, Boxes, &c.; a large lot of Bacon and Lard by the pound, Potatoes by the bushel, Carpenter Tools, and many other articles not mentioned.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY V. SMITH.

March 5, 1866. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON THURSDAY, the 22d day of MARCH inst., I will sell at Public Sale, at my residence, in Freedom township, Adams county, near Green Mount, on Marsh creek,

FOUR COWS, (some fresh,) 2 Heifers, Plantation Wagon, Lime Bed, Hay Carriages, a Rockaway Buggy, Winnowing Mill, Plough, Harrow, 2 Shovel Ploughs, 3 Cultivators, Corn Coverer, Double and Single-trees, Breechbands, Log Chain, Lock Chain, Cow Chains, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythe, Forks, Wheelbarrow, Jackscrew, a long Ladder, Cross-cut Saw; Hay by the ton, and straw by the bundle. Also a Cooking Stove, with fixtures, pipe and drum, Bureau, Bedsteads, Chairs, Clock, Chest, Safe, and other articles.

☞ Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE SPANGLER, (Freedom.)

Reuben Golden, Auctioneer.

March 5, 1866. ts*

MOUNTAIN LAND

FOR SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 17th day of MARCH next, in pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, part of the real estate of Charles Showers, deceased, viz:

No. 1. The undivided moiety or half-part of A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Menallen township, adjoining Wm. Orner, Frederick Warren, and others, containing 4 Acres, more or less, on which is erected a SAW MILL.—This tract is covered with young thriving timber, pine, chesnut and oak.

No. 2. A TRACT, in the same township, adjoining lands of Henry Beamer, Valentine Beamer, and William Heller, containing 32 Acres, more or less. This tract is covered with excellent thriving timber, white pine, yellow pine, chesnut and oak. The tract will be offered in two parcels.

No. 3. The undivided moiety or half-part of A TRACT OF LAND, in the same township, adjoining lands of South Mountain Iron Company, containing 50 Acres, more or less.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

AMOS SCHLOSSER, Executor.

By the Court—James J. Fink, Clerk.

☞ Will be sold on the same day, at the late residence of said deceased, 1 Horse and Gears, One-horse Wagon, Plough, Harrow, White-oak Plank, &c.

Feb. 26, 1866. ts*

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On MONDAY, the 19th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Tyrone township, Adams county, midway between Heidlersburg and New Chester, the following Personal Property, viz:

4 HEAD OF HORSES, (1 mare with foal, 1 two-year old colt,) 4 head of Milch Cows, 4 head of Young Cattle, (1 Durham and 1 Devonshire,) 2 Bulls, 1 Sow, 7 Pigs, Narrow-tread Wagon, Wood Work of a One-horse Wagon, Winnowing Mill, Ploughs, Harrows, Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Cultivator, Horse Rake, Double and Single-trees, Spreaders, Log Chain, Mowing Scythe, Grindstone, Cloverseed Cradle, Forks, Rakes, Riding Saddle and Bridle, a lot of old Iron, Benches, Barrels, Grain in the ground, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HANES.

Feb 26, 1866. ts*

LARGE SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Freedom township, Adams county, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

7 HEAD OF HORSES, (5 of them Work Horses, and 2 Colts, one 3 years and the other 2 years old,) 23 head of Sheep, 1 Brood Sow and 10 first-class Shotes, 3 Broad-tread Wagons, One-horse Wagon, 2 pair Hay Carriages, Family Carriage, for one or two horses, Rockaway Buggy, Ball's Reaper and Mower, (nearly new, and one of the best in the county,) Threshing Machine, with all the necessary fixtures, in complete order, Clover Huller, Corn Coverer, Grain Drill, Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Land Roller, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Ploughs, Harrows, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Corn Planter, Flax Brake and Scutching Machine, 1 Two-horse Sleigh and 1 One-horse Sleigh, Single and Double-trees, Stretchers, 2 Log Chains, Fifth Chain, 2 sets of Breechbands and 4 sets of Crupper Gears, new Saddle, Collars, Bridles, Halters and Halter Chains, Cow Chains, 2 sets of Carriage Harness, Rakes, Forks, Mattocks, Shovels, &c. Wheat, Rye, Corn and Oats, by the bushel, and Hay by the stack or ton, with a large variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ABRAHAM KRISE of P.

Feb. 26, 1866. ts*

Smoking Tobaccos.

SOMETHING NICE!

WM. H. BROGUNIER,

at McSherrystown, Adams county, Pa.,

Manufactures two different grades of SMOKING TOBACCO, which cannot be beat. They are mild and pleasant, all the poisonous taste being extracted, and yet the flavor is fully preserved. Smokers, give them a trial, and you will be pleased.

Orders from a distance solicited.

Feb. 26, 1866. tf

A Few More Left.

IN order to make room for Spring Goods, NORRIS is selling OVERCOATS AT COST. Call and look at them.

500 MEN WANTED to purchase Coats, Pants and Vests, at NORRIS'S.

POSITIVELY, NORRIS has the best variety of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in town.

LOCKWOOD'S Linen Lined Paper Collars at NORRIS'S.

GLAZED PAPER COLLARS, of every variety and style, at NORRIS'S.

DON'T FORGET that NORRIS keeps everything in the Gentleman's line, at his New Store, in Chambersburg street.

DON'T FORGET that NORRIS keeps nothing but the latest styles, and in order to make room for new styles, he sells very cheap.

HANOVER BUCK GLOVES, and all kinds of Buck Gloves and Gauntlets, at NORRIS'S.

FUR CAPS of every variety and style, at NORRIS'S. [Jan. 22, 1866.]

PUBLIC SALE

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 13th day of MARCH, 1866, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Hamiltonban township, Adams co., about 2 miles north of Millerstown, the following personal property, viz:

2 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 2 fine young Mules, 4 head of Milch Cows, (three of which will be fresh about the time of sale,) 3 head of Young Cattle, 2 Sheep, 1 Sow, 3 Shotes, Three-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, Plough, Harrow, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Cultivator, Hay Carriages, Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Sled, Spreaders, Double and Single-trees, Three-horse-trees, Hay and Dung Forks, Dung Hook, Rakes, Cloverseed Cradle, Scythes, Mattocks, Maul and Wedges, Cross-cut Saw, Grindstone, Wheelbarrow, Augers, Breast Chains, Butt Chains, Cow Chains, Halters, a lot of Bags, Horse Gears, such as Breechbands, Cruppers, a set of Harness, Lines, Bridles, Collars, Wagon Saddle, Side Saddle, and about 50 bushels of Black Oats, a superior quality, a Reaper and Mower, (Manny's patent.) Also, Bedsteads, Tables, Cupboards, Meat Vessels, with many other articles, not herein mentioned.

☞ Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEO. C. CRASS.

Feb. 19, 1866. ts

BIG SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove to the West, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Franklin township, Adams county, near Flohr's Church, the following *valuable Personal Property*, viz:

5 HEAD OF HORSES, (2 of them good leaders, and all young,) 1 Colt, two years old, 8 Milch Cows, a lot of Sheep, Buckeye Reaper, (as good as new,) Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Gum-spring Grain Drill, (Willoughby's patent,) Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Four-horse Broad-tread Wagon, 2 pair Hay Carriages, Wood Ladders, Ploughs and Harrows, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Corn Coverer, Single and Double-trees, Stretchers, 2 sets of Breechbands, 3 sets of Front Gears, Plough Gears, 4 Fly-nets, Housings, Wagon Saddle, Lines, Riding Saddle and Bridles, Blind Bridles, Collars, Wagon Whip, 1 set of Carriage Harness, Log Chain, Halter and Cow Chains, Butt Traces, Breast Chains, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Mattocks, Picks, Wheelbarrow, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythes, Axes, Maul and Wedges, Hand Saw, Augers, &c.; Rye, Corn, Oats and Potatoes, by the bushel; 32 acres of Grain in the ground.

Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Beds and Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Settee, Corner Cupboard, Bureau, Safe, Clock, Cooking Stove and fixtures, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, Doughtrays, Churns, Tubs, Barrels, Tin-ware, Earthen-ware, Iron Kettle, Spinning Wheel and Reel, Bacon and Lard by the pound, an Adams County Map, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN EPLEY.

Jacob Mickley, Auctioneer.

Feb. 26, 1866. ts*

Mendenhall's

IMPROVED SELF-ACTING

HAND LOOM

Possesses superior advantages over all other Hand Looms; is more simple and durable; easier understood; easier to operate and more reliable.

FARMERS can be independent, by weaving all their goods for home wear on the Mendenhall Improved Hand Loom.

☞ From 15 to 40 yards can be woven on it in a day.

No skill is required to weave upon it, beyond the simple turning of an easy crank. A woman or child can operate it.

THE MENDENHALL IMPROVED LOOM weaves Jeans, Satinet, Tweed, plain and double plain Cloth, Lindsey, Blanket Twill, Linen, Toweling, Bird-eye Diaper, Balmoral Skirt Goods, &c., &c., all on the same warp, with one time drawing in the harness. It also weaves all Wool, Hemp, Linen and Rag Carpeting.

EACH LOOM IS WARRANTED to be able to do as represented, and cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASERS.—Every purchaser of the Improved Loom will be allowed a liberal commission on each Loom sold by them, thus enabling them with a little exertion, to receive back the price for their Loom.

☞ Looms, Loom Findings, Black and White Cotton Warp, Filling Yarn, &c., constantly on hand.

For descriptive circulars, list of prices, and samples of cloth wove on the Loom, address, with stamp enclosed,

A. B. GATES & CO.,

333 Chesnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Jan. 26, 1866. 4t*

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED,

AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK, which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and MORE—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞ Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS,

Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 26th day of MARCH, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

261. The first account of Abraham Sheely, Executor of Jacob Sheely, deceased.

262. The first account of Isaac Lightner, Administrator of the estate of George J. Fetterhoff.

263. The second and final account of George Walter and James Linn, Administrators of the estate of Michael Herring, deceased.

264. First and final account of John Picking, Administrator of Bernard Hildebrand, dec'd.

265. The account of Margaret Tate, Administratrix of David Tate, deceased.

266. The first account of Elias Johns, Executor of the will of John Johns, deceased.

267. First and final account of James H. McElwee and Benjamin F. Wierman, Executors of the last will and testament of James McElwee.

268. The account of Abraham Flohr, Administrator of Daniel Daywalt, deceased.

269. First account of Amos Schlosser, Executor of the last will and testament of Charles Showers, deceased.

270. The first and final account of David Biehl, Administrator of the estate of Amos Sauble, deceased.

271. The first and final account of Daniel Linard, Administrator of Amos Lady, late of Menallen township, deceased.

272. The first account of Abraham Guise, Administrator of the estate of Peter Guise, deceased.

SAMUEL LILLY, Register.

Register's Office, Gettysburg, February 26, 1866. td

PURE SILVER WARE and SILVER PLATED WARE of the very best quality, a new assortment just received. Call and see it. J. BEVAN, Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

GOLD, SILVER, STEEL, and other SPECTACLES, to suit all ages, always on hand, and fitted to sight. J. BEVAN, Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get pure Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 13th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove to the West, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mount Joy township, Adams county, on the road leading from Tanneytown to the Baltimore turnpike, about one mile and a half from the Two Taverns, the following personal property:

3 HORSES, 2 Colts, 5 Milch Cows, (2 of which have calves now, and 2 more will calve about the time of sale,) 6 Heifers, 1 Bull, 5 Sheep, 1 Brood Sow, with pig, 5 Shotes, Three-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, Carriage, Sled, Sleigh and Bells, Hay Carriages, Wagon Bed, new Threshing Machine, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Cutting Box, Winnowing Mill, 4 sets of Horse Gears, 1 set of Harness, Wagon Saddle, Collars and Bridles, Riding Bridle, Halters and Halter Chains, Cow Chains, Log Chains, Single, Double and Three-horse Trees, Spreaders, Ploughs and Harrows, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Cultivators, Roller, Wheel-barrow, Grain Cradle and Scythes, Grain Shovel, Mattocks, Shovels, Work Bench, Axes, Maul and Wedges, Saws, &c. Also, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, 1 Cook Stove and 2 Ten-plate Stoves, Barrels, Kitchen Cupboard, Iron Kettle, Meat Vessels, Tubs, Barrels, &c.; 1 barrel of first-rate Vinegar, Potatoes by the bushel, Pork and Lard by the pound, a Shot Gun, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CHRISTIAN HERMAN.

Jan. 29, 1866. ts*

PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of MARCH next, at 12 o'clock, M., I will sell at Public Sale, at my residence, on the York pike, about one mile east of Gettysburg, the following valuable personal property, viz:

4 HEAD OF HORSES, 2 of which are good brood mares, 1 three-year old blooded horse colt, 1 two-year old mare colt, 2 fresh Milch Cows, 1 Young Bull, 6 head of Sheep, 1 Chester Sow and Pigs, first-rate light Broad-tread Wagon, Wagon Bed and good Hay Carriages, One-horse Wagon, Family Carriage, Sleigh, 2 sets Breechbands, 1 set Front Gears, 2 sets Carriage Harness, set One-horse Wagon Gears, Wagon Saddle, Military do., new Riding Bridle, Harness Bridles, Carriage Bridles, Collars, 3 Leather Fly Nets, Check Lines, Single Lines, Plough Lines, 2 large Housings, set Leather Traces, Wagon and Carriage Whips, 3 Ploughs, (one nearly new, of Baker's make,) 2 Harrows, 1 Single-shovel and 2 Double-shovel Ploughs, 2 Corn Forks, 1 Cultivator, Three-horse-tree, Double and Single-trees, 2 patent Feed Cutters, different patents, Carriage Spread, new Wheelbarrow, Grain Cradle, Grindstone, 2 Grain Shovels, pitch, dung and shaking forks, Pick, Log Chains, Butt Chains, Cow Chains, Halters, 3 good Horse Blankets, Buffalo Robe, with many other things not herein mentioned.

☞ Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO. A. CODORI.

A. W. Flemming, Auctioneer.

Feb. 5, 1866. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON MONDAY, the 19th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove to the West, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, 3 miles from Gettysburg, the following personal property, viz:

ONE MARE, 2 cows, 1 Chester sow, 2 two-horse wagons, 2 spring wagons, 1 trotting buggy, 1 falling-top buggy, saddle and bridle, single harness, double harness, collars, halters, cow chains, scythe and snath, grindstone, plows and harrows, single and double shovel plows, double and single-trees, forks, rakes, hoes, shovels, mattocks, grain cradle, pig, &c. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: Cook Stove and pipe, 4 bedsteads, 2 tables, 6 new chairs, new rocking chair, child's chair, rocking cradle, looking glasses, sink, stand, safe, corner cupboard, butter churn, dough tray, tin ware, tubs, barr

ODDS AND ENDS.

News, Politics, Wit and Humor, and What Not.

Reconstruction.

The opposition to an immediate Union of the States comes mainly from the *great* herds of loud, rank officers of what is called the Freedman's Bureau in the South. Immediate Union might send them home to cultivate their cabbages, and thus prevent them from playing the part of ruler in a kingdom at a fine salary paid by the people. Is it not cruel on the part of the masses to demand the Union and thus send these blathering kinky-heads with white skins, away from the flesh-pots to the obscurity of millions in the North? Stick to it, Thad! There is no club-footed Devil in the universe who has a more important job on hand; disunion, revolution, anything for the "patriots!"—*Sunbury Democrat.*

Rebel Treachery Admitted.

The New York *Times* (Republican) is forced to acknowledge that the action of the Republicans in Congress differs widely from the policy laid down in every State which elected the Republican ticket last fall, and adds—

"We are quite confident that if the propositions of Mr. Stevens, Mr. Bingham and others, had been adopted as the doctrines of the Union party in this State last fall, *the Opposition would have elected their ticket by over fifty thousand majority.*"

Here is not only an admission of the infamous cheat practiced upon the people, but an acknowledgment that those who call themselves "the representatives of the people" in Congress, do not represent the people at all.

An Item in the History of a Man Who Voted for Negro Suffrage.

As a supplement to the vote of Ben. Loan on negro suffrage in the District of Columbia, we take the following from the St. Jo. (Mo.) *Herald*, an intensely radical sheet:

Buried by Charity.—Charlotte Loan, a colored woman of about 22 years of age, died in this city, a few days ago, and was buried by the charity of the colored people. This woman was formerly the property of Ben. Loan, who misrepresents this District in Congress. She has toiled many a long day without compensation, for her hard-hearted and close-fisted master, and when she came to die, after a lingering illness, Mr. Loan allowed her to be cared for and consigned to her final resting place by the contributions of her poor colored friends. Comment is unnecessary. It is but characteristic of the man. He could take the poor woman's earnings for years, until the emancipation ordinance unloosed her shackles, but never a cent would he give to bury her."

☞The Philadelphia *Daily News*, (Republican,) of the 6th, in defending Senator Cowan from an attack by the New York *Tribune*, says:

"He was a Union man when the Republicans all claimed to be Union men. He is so still; and it they have departed from the position they pretended to occupy, and have become di-unionists, is he to be censured for not going with them? The *Tribune* may say the same, if it pleases, of President Johnson. The gap between that gentleman and the Republican majority grows wider every day, but Andrew Johnson was a Union man when Horace Greeley was advocating in the columns of his newspaper the right of secession, and blubbering every day 'let them go.'"

☞The President says that if the Southern States were admitted to representation, "the day would not be very far distant when *we would put into the commerce of the world two hundred and fifty or three hundred million dollars worth of cotton and tobacco*, which would constitute, in part, a basis of this (specie) currency." This is what the Rump agitators are trying to prevent. Being original disunionists, they don't want prosperity for the people, but only *power for themselves*. Let the people pronounce against them once, and forever!

☞The Chicago *Tribune* ("Republican") violently and shamelessly abuses President Johnson, and demands his impeachment. The special Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* also abuses the President for his treatment of the "colored delegation," who are held up as patterns of decency and intellectuality. He gives the President over to the Democracy, as a hopeless case. Fortunately Mr. Johnson is above all his calumniators, and need be under no apprehensions from radical vaporing.

☞General Rousseau made this unpleasant allusion to the radicals in a recent speech in Congress:

Secession was a bad thing at the beginning of the war, but we are now told by gentlemen that it was a good thing. The very ground that Jefferson Davis occupied—that the States could secede—was now occupied by gentlemen on this floor. But, said Mr. Rousseau, we will appeal to the people to come back to the old platform of the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws.

It is high time that a man holding such sentiments as these should be formally read out of the Republican party.

☞A Savannah despatch reports a recent heavy fire at Hilton Head, whereby great quantities of government property were consumed.—*Exchange.*

Big fires which consume large quantities of government property sometimes cover up a great amount of villainy. They have been very frequent since the close of the war.

☞Columbus Delano, a radical member of Congress, in a recent speech at Mount Vernon, Ohio, predicted, if the President's policy should be adopted, that at the next Presidential election the Southern States, uniting with the "disloyal" Democrats of the North, would select their candidate for President. Delano then argued that the "loyal" people of the North would be justified in resisting the validity of such an election. The intention of these radicals is manifested by this Delano; if they cannot rule they will become *rebels!*

☞A fire broke out in Pithole City on Thursday morning week, destroying the Tremont House, where it originated, and the Syracuse House. Loss about $17,000. No insurance. Water from two wells on the hillside was thrown upon the flames, which grew fiercer thereby. It was soon discovered that what was supposed to be water was pure oil. Real estate has increased accordingly in value.

Amalgamation.—Fred. Douglass, a half-breed or mongrel, has written a reply to President Johnson. Fred takes the ground that if the negroes of the South are permitted to vote they will monopolize with the poor whites and form a strong party that will rule the destinies of the Southern States.

☞He that cannot forgive others breaks the bridge over which he must pass himself; for every man has need to be forgiven.

☞Great excitement is said to exist on the Canadian border, caused by an apprehended Fenian raid.

Advertising Columns.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills,

FOR LIVER COMPLAINT.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

If your bowels are costive,
TRY THEM.
If you have worms,
TRY THEM.
If your breath is bad,
TRY THEM.
If you feel drowsy,
TRY THEM.
If you are low spirited,
TRY THEM.
If you have a sick headache,
TRY THEM.
If you have taken a drop too much,
TAKE A FULL DOSE.
They only cost 25 cents a box.
TRY THEM.

Blue Mass, and other preparations of Mercury, actually produce more suffering and death than the diseases which they profess to cure. And yet this corrosive *mineral* so denounced by the allopathic doctors, is prescribed by them almost universally in Liver Complaint, Consumption of Lungs, &c.

THE MANDRAKE PILLS

are composed entirely of roots and herbs, obtained from the great storehouse of Nature, and their salutary effects will appear as soon as the medicine is brought to the test of a fair experiment. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS do not produce any nausea or sickness of the stomach; but when given for *Dyspepsia*, it may be proper to use them in connection with SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC. By this judicious treatment the digestive faculties are speedily restored to their full vigor, and the worst cases of indigestion may be cured.

When we reflect that the liver is the largest internal organ of the body, that to it is assigned the important duty of filtering the blood and preparing the bile, that it is subject to many disorders, and that when it is diseased or inactive the whole body suffers sympathetically, it is not surprising that a medicine which can restore the healthy operations of the Liver should produce wonderful changes in the general health, and effect cures which may appear to be almost miraculous. Headache of long continuance, severe pains in the side, breast and shoulders, aching of the limbs, a feeling of general weakness and wretchedness, and other alarming and distressing symptoms, indicative of imperfect or disordered action of the liver, are speedily removed by the use of SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.

Costiveness, piles, bitter or sour eructations, and that indescribable feeling of oppression, mental anxiety, languor, lethargy, and depression of spirits which unfit a man for the management of business and the enjoyment of life, are all relieved by the use of SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.

DR. SCHENCK—Dear Sir:—I take pleasure in sending you a certificate in addition to many you have already received from suffering humanity. I can scarcely find language sufficiently strong to express my heartfelt gratification of the wonderful cures your MANDRAKE PILLS and SEAWEED TONIC have effected in the entire cure of one of the most stubborn cases of the affection of the liver.—For three years I suffered beyond description; all my friends, as well as myself, came to the conclusion that my time in this life was short. Such was the terrible condition to which I was reduced that life to me had become a burthen; my whole system was in a state of inflammation; I could not eat, I could not sleep; my whole body was filled with pain; swelling would arise in my wrists and ankles, rendering them totally useless. On several occasions I was attacked with a rush of blood to the head, which would fell me to the ground, and I would be carried away for dead. I applied to several eminent physicians of our city, who administered all the medicines that they thought would reach my case, but of no avail. One of them said he could do no more for me, and advised me, as a last resort, to drink cod liver oil. Not relishing the horrid trash I declined to take it. Accident put your advertisement in my hands. I called on you; you examined me and told me the nature of my disease. You then ordered me the Pills and Tonic with an observance of diet, pledging your word that in one week I would find myself another man. I followed your advice, and, as you predicted, an astonishing cure was effected. I continued your Pills and Tonic for some time, and now thank God for his goodness, and your valuable medicine, I am once more restored to perfect health. I most earnestly recommend those who are suffering from affection of the liver to give your Pills and Tonic a fair trial, and a cure will be effected. I have sent many persons to you, and they have all been cured. Any information my fellow-citizens may require will be freely given by the subscriber, at his residence, No. 812 Federal street, between 8th street and Passyunk road. CHARLES JOHNSON, Sr.,
Former Printers' Ink Manufacturer.

Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his principal office, No. 15 North Sixth street, corner of Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.; No. 32 Bond street, New York, every Tuesday, from 9 to 3; No. 38 Summer street, Boston, Mass, every Wednesday, from 9 to 3; and every other Friday at 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.—All advice free, but for a thorough examination of the lungs with his Respirometer, the charge is three dollars.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed ONeT, i each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

Jan. 29, 1866. 1m

Reeves' Ambrosia,

FOR THE HAIR.—The *Original* and *Genuine Ambrosia* is prepared by J. ALLEN REEVES, and is the best hair dressing and preservative now in use. It stops the hair falling out, causes it to grow thick and prevents it from turning prematurely grey. It eradicates dandruff, cleanses, beautifies and renders the hair soft, glossy and curly. Buy it, try it and be convinced. *Don't be put off with a spurious article.* Ask for Reeves' Ambrosia and take no other. For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere.

Price 75 cents per Bottle—$6,00 per dozen
Address REEVES' AMBROSIA DEPOT,
62 Fulton St., New York City.

Oct. 16, 1865. 6m

Tailoring.

LOUIS E. KUMMERANT would take this method of informing his old friends and the public generally, that he has again commenced the TAILORING business in Gettysburg, his new establishment being in Chambersburg street, between Washington and West streets, south side. He invites those in want of Tailoring work, to give him a call, and feels sure that he can give satisfaction. His sewing will be found among the neatest and most durable, and his fits as good as can be made. He charges the lowest price for work, his principle of business being, "to live and let live" [Jan. 8, 1866.

1866! 1866! 1866!

"NO USE TALKING."—But if you want a good and cheap Hat of any kind, always go to ROW & WOODS.

ELEGANT—BEST IN TOWN.—The large assortment of Shoes now selling at lowest prices by ROW & WOODS.

"SHARPER THAN A SHINGLE"—Those superior Razors—all of best India steel—for sale cheap by ROW & WOODS.

CLEAR THE TRACK! for I have a new Carriage Whip—the best and cheapest out. I bought it of ROW & WOODS.

JUST SO!—When you do want a pair of good Overshoes at low price, always go to ROW & WOODS.

GET ONE.—We are closing out another lot of Children's Hats at less price than the material can be bought. Don't miss a bargain. ROW & WOODS.

"GO IT, BOOTS!"—Guess you come from ROW & WOODS' Store, for the best and cheapest Boots come from there.

THE REASON WHY I buy my Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Hoods, Sontags, Breakfast Shawls, Thread, Handkerchiefs, and all other notions of Row & Woods is because they sell cheap.

LADIES BASKETS, Carpet Sacks, Hair Brushes, and Bedding Combs, for sale at reduced prices by ROW & WOODS.

Take Notice.

FARMERS AND DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS will please take notice that we have adopted the following Trade Mark to protect ourselves, and prevent those who use our RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE from being deceived when purchasing manures.

We have been obliged to give this protection to our customers, in consequence of several parties having unlawfully used our distinctive name, viz: "*Raw Bone*," in offering their article to the public. This Trade Mark is adopted in addition to the title "Raw Bone," which is our exclusive property, and we caution all manufacturers from using it in future. We would state to the trade and consumers, that they will find it to their interest to see that the "Trade Mark" is upon every bag and barrel they purchase, as none other is genuine.

BAUGH & SONS.

TRADE MARK

BAUGH'S
RAW BONE
Super Phosphate of Lime,
Manufactured by BAUGH & SONS,
No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

The great popularity of our article has been found sufficient inducement to certain imitators to manufacture and advertise "Raw Bone Phosphates," a name which originated with us, and is our own rightful property. We will state for the information of all, that we are the exclusive manufacturers of this article—the original and sole proprietors of it—having been manufactured by us for a period of twelve years. Also that it is covered by several letters patent, held only by ourselves.

We are now ready to supply it in large quantities—having made recent additions and improvements. Vessels drawing 16 feet of water can load directly from the wharves of the works, which are located at the foot of Morris Street, Delaware River. We call the attention of DEALERS to this great advantage.

The present indications are that we shall have a greatly increased demand over last spring and fall seasons, and we advise Farmers to send in their orders to their respective Dealers at an early day, that all may be supplied promptly.

Soliciting your continued orders,
We remain,
Yours very truly,
BAUGH & SONS,
No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue,
Feb. 5, 1866. 9m PHILADELPHIA.

The Great Bone Fertilizer.

BAUGH'S
RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,
containing 53 per cent. of Phosphate of Lime, and 4.05 per cent. Ammonia.

It should be borne in mind that the Phosphate of Lime in this article being obtained *exclusively from* RAW BONES and a TRUE BIRD GUANO, there is NO PORTION of it INOPERATIVE, as in the case of SUPER PHOSPHATES made from MINERAL GUANOS—but being entirely SOLUBLE in the SOIL, continues to IMPART its FERTILIZING qualities to the CROPS for YEARS.

The REMARKABLE SUCCESS which has attended its use for years past, is a sufficient GUARANTY to induce those who have not tried it to do so.

The GRAIN CROP where this FERTILIZER has been applied is supposed to have been INCREASED from 25 to 50 per cent. by its use, while for TOBACCO and GRASS LANDS its success has been EQUALLY DECIDED.

The price is Baltimore is uniform with the Manufacturer's Factory Price.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Manufacturer's Agent,
105 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

For sale at Manufacturer's Price. Cost of Transportation added by
SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg,
DAVID HOKE, New Oxford.

Feb. 5, 1866. 3m

A New Store,

AND A NICE ONE!— J. A. GRIMES has opened a new
GROCERY AND VARIETY STORE,
on York street, 2 doors east of the "Globe Inn,"
Gettysburg, Pa.

His room has been handsomely refitted, and its shelves are loaded with the best variety of goods in his line ever offered in this place.—This is no boasting talk. Call and see for yourselves. His stock cannot be detailed in the limits of an advertisement—but he will mention the most prominent, viz:

SUGARS, all grades;
MOLASSES, seven different varieties;
COFFEES and TEAS, all kinds;
SPICES, a full assortment;
QUEENS-WARE, Glass-ware, Earthen-ware;
LARD, Mackerel, Herring, &c.;
GREEN APPLES, Dried Fruit, &c.;
HOMINY, Potatoes, Beans;
CRACKERS, Cream, Soda, Sugar and Water;
COAL OIL, Coal Oil Lamps, Wicks, Burners, Shades, &c.;
GLOVES, Stockings, and Hosiery in general;
PINS, Needles, Thimbles, &c.;
JEWELRY, Soaps and Perfumeries;
SMOKING and Chewing Tobaccos, all grades;
SEGARS, all brands, and all prices;
KNIVES, Forks, Spoons, Castors, &c.;
POCKET KNIVES, Pocket Combs, Pocket Books;
CONFECTIONS, of all kinds;
FRUITS, Nuts, &c. &c. &c. &c.

In short, everything that could be thought of in laying in a stock for a first class Grocery and Variety Store. He intends to sell CHEAP, going upon the principle of "quick sales and small profits." [Jan. 1, 1866.

Reduction! Reduction!

ON and after November 1st, 1865, the following reduced scale of prices will be adopted at the "EXCELSIOR" SKYLIGHT GALLERY, viz:

Vignette Photographs, per dozen	$4 00
" " " "	2 25
" " " "	1 75
Cartes de Vis. or plain, per dozen	3 25
" " " "	1 75
" " " "	1 25
" " " "	1 00

FROM OLD NEGATIVES.

Vignettes, single copies, 40c. or 3 for	$1 00
Cartes de Vis., or plain, single copies, 35c. or 4 for	1 00

In addition to the above every picture will be neatly tinted without extra charge.

There is a feature in the above to which I wish to direct special attention, viz: I will make four Vignettes, or three plain pictures from the first negative. Heretofore it has been a rule not to make less than six of one and four of the other.

I take this opportunity to thank the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, for the VERY LIBERAL patronage extended to the "Excelsior," since its establishment, and hope by strict attention to business, coupled with the advantage of over ten years uninterrupted practice of the art, to merit a continuance of the same. ISAAC G. TYSON,
Successor to the Firm of Tysons Bros.
Nov. 13, 1865. Gettysburg, Pa.

A New Idea,

AND A GOOD ONE.—BLACKWELL & CO., Olney's Iron Building, 171 Broadway, New York, have commenced the business of taking SUBSCRIPTIONS to all the PRINCIPAL MAGAZINES and WEEKLY PAPERS, for SHORT PERIODS, (quarterly or half-yearly,) at the lowest yearly rates, offering a great advantage to lovers of literature, who may wish to take several publications paying but a little money at a time. Full particulars in a circular sent on application to any address. *** A GOOD AGENT WANTED in each town. POSTMASTERS are requested to send for our circular containing inducements.

BLACKWELL & CO.,
171 Broadway, New York.

Dec. 25, 1865. 3m

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. Give us a call! [April 20, '65. tf

100,000 bush. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE
OLD WAREHOUSE.

WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on the GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for

WHEAT, RYE,
CORN, OATS,
CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS,
FLAXSEED, SUMAC,
HAY & STRAW;

Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

ON HAND, FOR SALE,

Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Brushes, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c.—FISH of all kinds; NAILS AND SPIKES; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of FLOUR, with the different kinds of FEED.

Also, GROUND PLASTER, with GUANOS and other *fertilizers*. ☞COAL, by the bushel, ton, or car load.

Their Cars run to Baltimore and back twice a week, and they will be happy to carry goods either way at moderate charges. Marketmen, country merchants, and others, will find it to their advantage to patronize this line.

They ask a share of the public's custom, and will spare no effort to render satisfaction to all, sellers or buyers.

WM. E. BIDDLE & CO.

Aug. 22, 1864. tf

Notions & Confections.

A WORD TO THE PEOPLE OF TOWN AND COUNTRY.

THE subscriber keeps a Notion and Confectionary Store on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Railroad Station, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand, CANDIES, NUTS, Figs, Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, &c.; Tobaccos and Segars of all kinds; Pocket-Books, Suspenders, Neck Ties, Collars, &c.; Soaps and Perfumeries; also some GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffees, Rice, with the different kinds of Crackers. Ice-cold MEAD at all times. He invites custom from town and country, and sells at small profits.

LEWIS STROUSE.

Aug. 7, 1865. 1y

Good Things from the City!

WE are receiving twice a week from the city a variety of articles suited to the wants of this community, viz: Fresh and Salt FISH, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Hominy, Beans, Salt, Apples, Potatoes, Oranges, Lemons, Confections, Tobaccos, Segars, with many other articles in this line—all received in the best order, and sold at the lowest profits. Give us a call, in Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestocks' store.

WANTED.—Butter, Eggs, Lard, and all other country produce—for which the highest cash price will be paid.

SWEET POTATOES—best quality, at lowest living profits—always on hand. Also OYSTERS, fine and fresh—in the shell or shocked. Restaurants and families supplied.

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1863.

New Goods! Large Stock!

MERCHANT TAILORING.
JACOBS & BRO.

have just received from the cities a large stock of goods for Gentlemen's wear, embracing a variety of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,

Cassinets, Jeans, &c., with many other goods for spring and summer wear.

They are prepared to make up garments at the shortest notice, and in the very best manner. The Fashions are regularly received, and clothing made in any desired style. They always make neat fits, whilst their sewing is sure to be substantial.

They ask a continuance of the public's patronage, resolved by good work and moderate charges to earn it.

Gettysburg, April 7, 1862

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street,
GETTYSBURG,

where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.
COBEAN & CO.

have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call.

☞Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

Fresh Arrival.

NEW GOODS.—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.

Sept. 11, 1865.

Grain & Produce Wanted.

THE undersigned having purchased the interest of *Myers & Wierman*, *Forwarding* and Commission Merchants, in New Oxford, Adams county, would respectfully notify the farmers and the public generally, that he will continue the business at the old stand at the depot in that place. The highest market price will be paid for WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BARLEY, CLOVER and TIMOTHY SEEDS, FLOUR, &c., &c.

Also, GUANO, PLASTER, SALT, LUMBER and COAL, constantly kept on hand for sale, together with a general assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES. DAVID HOKE.

Nov. 27, 1865. 3m

CALL and see the most beautiful assortment of new JEWELRY, such as Breast-pins, Ear Drops, Finger Rings, Lockets, Chains, &c., at J. BRYAN'S, Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,988—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any persons desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange. PETER BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa.

June 12, 1865. 1y

Established 1850.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & CO., *respectfully beg leave to notify their friends*, customers and the public generally, that they have removed from No. 151 Franklin street, to the commodious four-story Warehouse,

NO. 308 BALTIMORE STREET,

between Howard and Liberty, where they will for the future conduct the Wholesale Business, solely in

Hosiery, Trimmings,
Furnishing Goods,
Perfumery, Notions,
Stationery, Cutlery,
Toys, &c., &c.

to which they invite the attention of city and country purchasers, feeling confident of their ability to offer inducements in prices and quality of Goods.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Address

LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & CO.,
308 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

March 14, 1864.

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly *in receipt of fresh goods from the* Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

New Skirt for 1866.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN HOOP SKIRTS.—J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.—This invention consists of Duplex (or two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break, like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful Shape more than twice as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with 2-ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant Corded Tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect Shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, Proprietors of the Invention, and Sole Manufacturers, 97 Chambers, and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first-class Stores in this City, and throughout the United States and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies.

☞Inquire for the Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt.

Nov. 27, 1865. 3m

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

1866. If you want anything from a Drug Store, HORNER'S is the place to get it good and cheap.

ANY Quantity of all kinds of Vesta cheap at PICKING'S.

Great Remedy for Colds.

BELL'S PECTORAL
BALSAMIC CORDIAL, or
EXPECTORANT!

A Remedial Agent prepared to meet the urgent demand for a prompt and safe Antidote for all Pulmonary Disorders. If properly used it will give instant relief in almost every instance, and will prove an effectual cure in a majority of the following cases of affections of the THROAT AND LUNGS! such as Colds, Coughs, Asthmatic Tendencies, Whooping Cough, Soreness of the Breast and Bronchial Affections.

When we first commenced manufacturing the Expectorant for our home consumption it was not our intention nor our desire to put it before the public as a "cure-all," nor to publish a long list of testimonials as an evidence of its curative properties, but the demand for it being so great and decidedly on the increase, has induced, and in fact compelled us to prepare it on a much larger scale, and also to establish agencies throughout this section of the country.

All we ask is that those thus afflicted may give it a fair trial, that it may prove its many advantages over other preparations of a similar nature now being employed.

The price too throws it within the reach of all, being but 25 and 40 cents a bottle.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginous Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll-Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white liniment of the consistency of cream, containing nothing offensive, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alterative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS!
FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, as it contains no ingredients which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells coagulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler, Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. 1y

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person